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LDING'S PATENT FALSE TEETH IN

CULAR SAWS

in all its branches, such as Gumming,

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AWS of all sizes, also Cross-cut, Mill

ck, Butcher, and Hand Saws of all kinds

good assortment of Saw Arbors at low

d PLANER KNIVES and MOULDING

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rs KNAPP, BURRELL & CO.,

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TABLE MANUFACTORY,

KET STREET, SAN FRANCISCO.

Sole Agents

FOR

On the Pacific Coast

AN & GOLLENDER'S

BEVELED TABLE, patented June 30,

KUREKA WIRE CUSHION, patented

ed Combination Cushion

RIVALLED STEEL PLATE CUSHION

rge assortment of Backgammon Boards, Pigeon Hole

nt Bagatelle, called MONITOR, also

1872.

...MEN, BLACKSMITHS

ND CARRIAGE-MAKERS.

OLD COMPANY'S LEHIGH COAL

reek, Cast and Bulk Cumberland Coal

IG IRON.—Being a specialty, the lowest

great care for interior trade.

J. H. BOYLE,

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& 21 Merchants' Exchange,

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ed in California, Oregon and all the

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nlarged any an old business

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ltures you have in any business.

CKET.—Stephen Girard used to say that I have always considered advertising the

to be the great medium of success in business to wealth. And I have made it

ide to wealth. And I have made it

advertise in dull times as well as the

perience having taught me that money

id laid out, as by continuously keeping

the public it has secured for me has

uld have lost."

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UR NAME BEFORE THE PUBLIC.

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INESS IS DULL, ADVERTISE.

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New York.

San Francisco. 95 Liberty st., N.Y.

. KEELER & CO.,

PACIFIC COAST

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and Re... rding from New York, in

, 2 ... M. and Cope...hers,

NDS OF MERCH...ndise.

And for the sale of

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...dvERTISEMENTS.

...who add to

...P. Rowell & Co's

... 25 cents for their Gift Hints

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PARK ROW, N.Y.

...ed of unequalled facilities for

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...rs.

Morning Oregonian.

VOL XIII. PORTLAND: OREGON WEDNESDAY MORNING, JUNE 18, 1873. NO 115

The Daily Oregonian.

PUBLISHED BY

OREGONIAN PUBLISHING CO.

THE MORNING OREGONIAN is published every morning, Sunday excepted, and delivered by carriers to subscribers in Portland at 25 cents a week. Single copies 10 cents. By Mail or Express, to any part of the United States: $10 per annum in advance; $5 for six months; $2 for three months, or 25 cents per month for a shorter time.

THE WEEKLY OREGONIAN, containing a selection of the best articles in the Daily, will be published every Thursday morning, and forwarded by Mail to any part of the country at $3 per annum, $1.50 for six months, or 75 cents for three months, in advance.

Subscriptions to be discontinued at the end of the time for which they are paid. Subscribers should renew at least two weeks before the date printed upon the address label.

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OCULIST & AURIST.

OFFICE IN DEKUM'S BUILDING, CORNER FIRST and WASHINGTON STREETS.

Portland, Nov 19. Hours—9 to 4, and 7 to 8 P. M.

DR. C. ROSENK,

PHYSICIAN, SURGEON & ACCOUCHEUR,

OFFICE—First street, bet. OAK AND PINE.

DR. MARY A. THOMSON,

PHYSICIAN & ACCOUCHEUR.

OFFICE—Third street, between Salmon and the Public Square. Calls attended in the City. Bell rings for sale and instructions. Office hours—Monday as a Remedial Agent.

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...R. P. THOMPSON.

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Attorneys at Law,

...Occidental Hotel,

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SHATTUCK & KILLIN,

Attorneys-at-Law,

...corner Washington and Third sts.

R. A. CHENOWETH

Attorney-at-Law,

CORVALLIS, OREGON.

W. H. EFFINGER,

Attorney at Law,

Corbett's Building, First street.

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ATTORNEYS & COUNSELORS-AT-LAW,

And Solicitors in Bankruptcy.

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DELIVERY & HACK STABLE

...Second and Morrison Sts.

L. A. GODDARD, Proprietor.

THE FINEST STOCK IN THE CITY.

...BOUGHT AND SOLD AND BOARDED AT REASONABLE RATES.

...FOR FUNERALS REDUCED TO $5 00.

J. H. FISK,

Dyer and Metallurgist,

No. 29 Stark st., bet. First and Second.

HIGHEST PRICE PAID FOR GOLD DUST & BARS.

Assays made with care, and assays of Gold and Silver, Lead, Antimony, Nickel, Chrome, Plumbago, Iron, Cinnabar, Lime and other metals. Analysis of Waters and all other substances.

L. THERKELSEN,

Carpenter & Builder,

...Alder Street, bet Sixth and Seventh.

RESIDENCE—Corner Seventh and Alder Streets.

RUMBEIN & GILBERT

ARCHITECTS AND DRAUGHTSMEN

OFFICE—OPERA BUILDING,

Stark st., bet. Front and First,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

A. GOODNOUGH,

Contractor & Builder,

...FRONT STREET, BET. B AND C.

OTTO TREUER,

No. 1 North Front Street.

DEALER IN WINES AND LIQUORS, AND MANufacturer of Syrups, Cordials, Bitters, etc., etc. Sole agent for John Weiland's Philadelphia Brewery, Beer by the Keg or Bottle.

Attention to any part of the city. ...dtf

S. SEYMOUR, BROKER,

NOTARY PUBLIC.

...STREET, BET. FIRST AND SECOND.

Real Estate Bought and Sold and Legal Papers Executed.

...and SINGLE BLOCKS and LOTS for sale in Couch's Addition. Terms easy.

J. M. GRIFFITH,

78 Front Street.

Saddlery-Hardware,

Saddles, Bridles,

WHIPS AND HARNESS

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

...AGENT FOR GUTTA PERCHA AND RUBBER MANUFACTURING COMPANY'S CELEBRATED HOSE, which is for sale at San Francisco prices with freight added.

...orders promptly attended to.

SUGARS!

...BARKENTINE JANE A. FALKINBURG, FROM Hamburg, direct,

1,000 kegs Sugars, Assorted Grades,

Which we offer at reduced rates.

ALLEN & LEWIS.

BURTON & WILLIAMS,

ARCHITECTS & SUPERINTENDENT

ROOM No. 17,

DEKUM'S BUILDING.

River Steamers.

OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S

STEAMBOATS.

NOTICE.

...FROM AND AFTER THURSDAY May 1st, the steamer

E. N. COOKE

WILL LEAVE OREGON CITY on Monday, Tuesday, Thursday and Friday at 8:30 A. M., and on Wednesday and Saturday at 10 A. M., connecting with steamer DAYTON for Portland. Returning, will LEAVE

Portland for Oregon City at 4 P. M.

Passengers for LAFAYETTE and all intermediate places will take CARS at 8:15 A. M., connecting at Caseinah with steamer Dayton on Tuesday and Friday.

THROUGH TICKETS sold at the office of the O. & C. R. R. Co. at REDUCED RATES.

All Freight by this line delivered to consignee FREE OF DRAYAGE.

Freight received until 5 P. M.

J. D. MILES, Agent.

OREGON STEAM NAVIGATION CO'S

NOTICE!

...BOATS OF THE COMPANY WILL leave Portland as follows:

FOR DALLES—Daily (Sundays excepted) at 5 o'clock A. M.

FOR WALLULA—Monday and Friday at 5 A. M.

FOR KALAMA—Daily (Sundays excepted) at 6 o'clock A. M.

FOR MONTICELLO, WESTPORT and CATHLAMET—Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 6 A. M.

FOR ASTORIA—Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 6 o'clock A. M.

J. C. AINSWORTH, President

W. R. T. Co's

STEAMER

GOV. GROVER!

...WILL LEAVE FLANDER'S WHARF EVERY

Monday and Thursday Morning

At 6 o'clock,

FOR CORVALLIS

AND INTERMEDIATE LANDINGS.

Freight and Passage at REDUCED RATES. No wharfage or breakage. B. GOLDSMITH, Pres't

W. R. T. Co's Notice.

From and after this date

THE STEAMER "VANCOUVER"

WILL CONNECT WITH THE "GOV. GROVER" at ALBANY, and carry freight and passengers to all points between Albany and Harrisburg.

B. GOLDSMITH, Pres't W. R. T. Co.

STEAMER CALLIOPE

For the Lower Columbia Trade!

THE STEAMER CALLIOPE will leave the Ankeny Exchange Wharf every Monday and Thursday Morning at 7 o'clock, for the Lower Columbia, touching at all way landings; returning Wednesdays and Saturdays. For freight or passage apply on board. ...tf14

Vancouver and Portland Packet!

THE STEAMER CARRIE, J. C. KINGSLEY, Master, will make DAILY trips between Vancouver and Portland, Sundays excepted.

Leave Vancouver at 8 A. M.; returning, leave Portland at 6 P. M., foot of Alder street.

For freight or passage apply on board.

Railroads.

OREGON & CALIFORNIA R. R. CO.

DAILY TRAINS WILL RUN BETWEEN

PORTLAND AND ROSEBURG

As follows:

LEAVE		ARRIVE
Portland	8:15 A.M.	Roseburg 7:15 P.M.
Roseburg	6:15 A.M.	Portland 4:20 P.M.

Freight Trains (with Passengers Cars attached) run daily (Sunday excepted) between

PORTLAND AND JUNCTION

as follows:

LEAVE		ARRIVE
Portland	6:05 A.M.	Junction 6:00 P.M.
Junction	6:00 A.M.	Portland 5:45 P.M.

Close connections are made at ROSEBURG with the Stages of the Oregon and California Stage Company.

Tickets for sale to all the principal points in Oregon, California and the East at Company's Office.

Cor. F and Front sts., at the Ferry Landing, Portland.

Storage will be charged on all freight remaining in Warehouse over 24 hours.

FREIGHT will not be received for shipment after 5 o'clock, P. M.

J. C. HILDRETH, Gen'l Supt.

E. P. ROGERS, Gen'l Freight and Passenger Agent.

THE OREGON CENTRAL R. R. CO

...WILL, ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MAY 5, 1873, and until further notice, run FREIGHT AND PASSENGER TRAINS from

PORTLAND TO ST. JOSEPH,

Connecting at Corvallis with Stages for Forest Grove; at St. Joseph for all points South and West—Lafayette, McMinnville, Amity, Monmouth, Independence, Buena Vista and Corvallis.

LEAVE		ARRIVE
Portland	5:00 A. M.	St. Joseph 11:00 A. M.
St. Joseph	11:30 A. M.	Portland 2:30 P. M.

On SUNDAYS trains will run as follows:

LEAVE		ARRIVE
Portland	5:00 A. M.	St. Joseph 11:00 A. M.
St. Joseph	2:00 P. M.	Portland 5:00 P. M.

Freight received at the Portland Warehouse and Dock Company's Wharf, and will not be received for shipment after 5 P. M.

J. C. HILDRETH, Gen'l Sup't.

J. GASTON, Freight and Passenger Agent.

Notice.

OREGON AND CALIFORNIA R. R.

A DAILY SPECIAL EXPRESS TRAIN WILL COMmence running on SUNDAY, JUNE 8, 1873, between SALEM and PORTLAND, stopping at Milwaukee, Oregon City, Aurora and Gervais.

Time as Follows:

LEAVE		ARRIVE
Salem	6:15 A. M.	Portland 8:45 A. M.
Portland	4:45 P. M.	Salem 7:15 P. M.

J. C. HILDRETH, Gen'l Supt.

THE CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND AND PACIFIC RAILROAD.

The Great Central Iowa Short Line

OVERLAND ROUTE.

With its Connections East and West, is the

Shortest, Quickest and Best Route

BETWEEN THE

Pacific and Atlantic,

VIA

Des Moines, Rock Island and Chicago.

THE ONLY ROUTE CARRYING THE THROUGH OVERLAND LETTER MAIL, making sure and reliable connection at OMAHA with trains arriving from the West by

THE CENTRAL AND UNION PACIFIC RAILROADS, AND AT CHICAGO

With all FAST EXPRESS TRAINS East, North & South.

The most Elegantly Furnished PARLOR SLEEPING CARS ever used on any Railroad are now built, owned, and run by this Co. between Omaha and Chicago.

Through Tickets to all points can be obtained at OREGON & CALIFORNIA R. R. OFFICE, Portland, Oregon,

And at C. P. R. R. offices in San Francisco and Sacramento.

Be Sure Your Tickets Read via Rock Island.

A. M. SMITH,

General Passenger Agent, Chicago.

HUGH RIDDLE, Gen'l Sup't, Chicago.

WM. R. STEELE, Passenger Agent, San Francisco.

Banks.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK

OF PORTLAND.

DESIGNATED DEPOSITARY AND FINANCIAL AGENT, U. S.

President.....HENRY FAILING,

Cashier.....JAMES STEEL.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED IN COIN OR CURRENCY, subject to check at sight.

INTEREST ALLOWED on Time Deposits of Coin.

LETTERS OF CREDIT issued, available in the Atlantic Cities.

SIGHT EXCHANGE and TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS payable in Coin or Currency for sale on

NEW YORK, SAN FRANCISCO, CHICAGO, ST. LOUIS.

SIGHT or SIXTY DAY BILLS drawn for same in sums to suit, direct on

LONDON, PARIS, BERLIN, FRANKFORT ON THE MAIN.

Savings! Savings!

FIRST

NATIONAL BANK OF PORTLAND,

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT.

THIS BANK HAS ESTABLISHED IN CONNECTION with the general Banking business a SAVINGS DEPARTMENT, and will allow Interest on Coin Deposits made in accordance with the conditions adopted by the Association.

In establishing a SAVINGS DEPARTMENT this Banking Association has in view the benefits to accrue to a class of persons having small sums to loan, by providing a safe place of deposit, ample security and fair rate of interest, as well as to aggregate and bring into use idle capital.

For the safety of deposits in this Bank are pledged its entire capital and resources, and also the personal liability of its Directors and Stockholders, as provided by Section 12 of the National Currency Act, approved June 3, 1864, a greater security than that given by ordinary Savings Banks. Printed copies of the conditions upon which deposits are received may be had upon application at the Bank.

HENRY FAILING, President.

JAMES STEEL, Cashier.

Directors:

HENRY FAILING, HENRY W. CORBETT,

L. H. WAKEFIELD, JOSIAH FAILING,

JAMES STEEL.

THE BANK

OF

BRITISH COLUMBIA

Incorporated by Royal Charter.

Paid up Capital.....$1,562,500.

WITH POWER TO INCREASE TO

$10,000,000.

HEAD OFFICE—3 EAST INDIA AVENUE, LEADENHALL STREET, LONDON.

BRANCHES.

IN VANCOUVER ISLAND, VICTORIA, BRITISH COLUMBIA, SAN FRANCISCO and PORTLAND.

AGENCIES,

IN NEW YORK, CANADA, SCOTLAND AND IRELAND.

Exchange for sale on

England, Ireland, Scotland, New York & Canada.

INTEREST ALLOWED on TIME DEPOSITS at the rate of SIX (6) PER CENT. PER ANNUM for periods of three months and upwards.

Approved Bills discounted or Collected. Loans made on available collaterals.

EDWIN RUSSELL, Manager.

LADD & TILTON,

BANKERS.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED AND ACCOUNTS KEPT subject to Check or Draft.

INTEREST allowed on TIME DEPOSITS or TRUST FUNDS in sums of One Dollar and upwards from Date of Deposit.

MONEY LOANED on approved Security.

BONDS, STOCKS and other Valuables received on Deposit for safe keeping.

COLLECTIONS made and proceeds promptly remitted.

INVESTMENTS in Real Estate and other property made for parties.

SIGHT and Telegraphic Exchange on San Francisco and the Atlantic Cities for sale.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES bought and sold.

AGENTS for the transaction of all kinds of Financial and Trust Business.

HARDWARE, IRON AND STEEL.

CORBETT FAILING & CO.,

SUCCESSORS TO

HENRY FAILING AND H. W. CORBETT,

IMPORTERS OF AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

HARDWARE,

CUTLERY,

MECHANICS' TOOLS,

IRON and STEEL,

ROPE, ETC., ETC.

Agents for the Sale of

DUPONT'S GUNPOWDER.

Nos. 53 & 55 Front St.,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

JOHN R. FOSTER

CORNER FRONT AND STARK STS.,

DEALER IN

Howe's Platform & Counter Scales,

THE BEST IN USE.

SHELF AND BUILDERS' HARDWARE

MECHANICS' TOOLS,

TABLE AND POCKET CUTLERY,

MINERS' GOODS,

NAILS, ROPE, SHOVELS, ANVILS, AXES, ETC., ETC.

All of which is offered at Lowest Rates.

He invites buyers to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

Would invite particular attention of buyers of Builders Hardware and House Trimmings, either at WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.

STAGE LINES.

COLUMBIA RIVER & PUGET SOUND

MAIL LINE.

GEORGE COGGAN, Proprietor.

THE ONLY REGULAR LINE RUNNING BY AMERICAN CANAL, and in connection with the PUGET SOUND STEAM NAVIGATION CO., N. P. R. R. CO. and O. S. N. Co., between noted points, Victoria and Portland.

THIS IS THE ONLY STAGE LINE selling THROUGH tickets over these several lines, and carrying passengers on their tickets.

Passengers, by purchasing THROUGH TICKETS save in fare and freight, and secure the best accommodations by the only line by which close connection is guaranteed or relied on. The small reduction made by so-called opposition stage lines cannot be had; THROUGH PASSENGERS, as the legal fare over the N. P. R. R. and other lines exceed the reduction made by the opposition.

Through tickets can be obtained in Portland at O. S. N. Co's office; Olympia, at COGGANS' STAGE office, and on board the P. S. S. N. Co's steamers.

OUR AGENTS on trains will take charge of baggage and freight for Stages, in waiting at Tenino.

Baggage, Carriages and other private conveyances can be secured by telegraphing to the Agent at the Stage office at Olympia. N. PIERCE, Agent

Lime, Cement, Plaster and Hair

On hand and to arrive, at

COR. FRONT AND CLAY STS., PORTLAND.

SANTA CRUZ LIME, ROSENDALE CEMENT, PLASTER and HAIR CHEAP FOR CASH, or approved paper.

C. CRICH, Agent.

COOS BAY.

COOS CITY, June 17, 1873.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN:

Among the many interesting and profitable industries of Coos Bay,

SHIP BUILDING

Forms a prominent part, and deserves special mention. A. M. Simpson & Bro., of North Bend, are the pioneer shipbuilders on the bay. They commenced business in 1858 and built the schooner *Argo* that year. She was followed by the *Banco, Jacinda, Hannah, Louisa, Isabella, Enterprise, Adriatic, Montezuma, Occident, Melancthon, Rambler, Wildfowl, Golden* and the *Oregonian*. There is one now on the stocks, not yet named. The tonnage of those built run from 150 to 500 tons. The brigantine now being built will have a carrying capacity of 1,000 tons or 600,000 feet of lumber. Those built were for the coasting trade. Some of them are well known favorites with the shipping trade of Portland, such as the *Melancthon, Wildfowl* and *Oregonian*. The one on the stocks is intended to run between Portland and China, if the trade warrants it. She will be the largest and finest vessel ever built in the Bay, and will be ready for sea in August. This makes fifteen vessels built by this enterprising firm, making an average of one built every year since they commenced in 1868. They were all built of Oregon timber, principally of yellow fir and finished with white cedar or maple. The length and superiority of the fir timber of the Bay may be inferred from the fact that the keel of the vessel on the stocks is all one stick, 160 feet long, whereas it is not uncommon to have to use three for a similar length of keel.

Mr. John Pershbaker, formerly the owner of the Marshfield lumber mills and the Eastport coal mines, built three vessels at his ship yard at Marshfield, called the *Ivanhoe, Stanhorn* and *Amelia*; also the tugboat *Escort* which cost him $40,000, one of the most beautiful models and most efficient towboats on the Pacific coast. This boat and some of the finest vessels on the bay were designed and built by Mr. John H. Howlett of Coos Bay, who gets the credit of being the best designer and ship builder on the coast.

A. B. Dean & Co., of Marshfield, have lately bought Mr. Pershbaker's interest in his property there, including lumber mill, towboat, town site, and considerable land, as well as his ship yard. They intend continuing the ship building as soon as they get the establishment in full working order.

THE SHIPPING BUSINESS

Of the bay is considerable, and is a pretty good indication of the extent of the business carried on between Coos Bay and San Francisco. There are at least an average of twenty vessels trading regularly between those two ports, that make the round trip on an average of once a month—equal to 240 arrivals and the same number of departures in the year. These vessels are principally employed in conveying lumber and coal to San Francisco and returning with cargoes of general merchandise for the merchants of the bay and the Coquille river valley. Last year the lumber and coal trade of the bay was very active, such was the demand for both that there were frequently as many as thirty arrivals in the month.

The Fastport Mining Company, two miles above Marshfield, built and run the steamship *Eastport* for the coal trade to San Francisco. She makes two round trips in the month, carrying for cargo 450 tons coal each time; a certain quantity of lumber, hides, etc. This company are building another and a larger steamer for the same trade. Flanagan & Mann, of Newport Coal Mines, contemplate running a line of steamers in connection with their coal mine also. This is the result of the steady and successful development of the lumber, and particularly the coal business of the Bay and the reasonable and certain progress of these great interests on a large scale, in due time. To the close observer, the future of the lumber and coal trade and the general business of Coos Bay are of great magnitude, vast importance in developing the great resources of the material interests of the State.

THE BAR OF COOS BAY.

This bar, like the bar of the Columbia, has been a convenient handle for the designing to promote their own selfish schemes, by representing its dangers and horrors so as to deter, if possible, opposition and competition in the shipping business. All such efforts have proved abortive. There are 12 feet of water on the bar at low water and 17 feet at full tide. The channel of the Bay at the bar has changed several times, occasioned by the shifting of the sand, but no change has taken place in the channel for the last eighteen months. The splendid towboat, appropriately called the *Escort*, that is in constant attendance at the bar, takes outward in vessels of all sizes with as much safety as if sailing in a river. This class of selfish men do much harm for a time, but their sins are sure to find them out.

THE COAL BEDS OF COOS BAY

That have been discovered during the last two years, and that will shortly be opened, are of greater magnitude than would be readily credited except by those who have visited and examined them.

Mr. B. B. Jones, who represents a number of leading capitalists in San Francisco, has taken up or purchased 2,300 acres of coal beds in the mountains back of Empire City and three miles from the bay, that could not be easily over valued. These coal beds will be opened this summer, and a railroad built from three to four miles long, to convey the coal to the deep waters of the bay for shipment.

Mr. Wm. Utter, who represents other capitalists in San Francisco also, has secured 1,600 acres of coal beds in the Blue Mountains, back of the divide that separates the waters of Coos Bay from Coquille river. As many as eight veins of coal beds have already been discovered there that measure from 3½ to 9 feet in thickness. This is probably the most extensive and valuable coal field yet found in connection with Coos Bay. Active mining operations will be commenced this summer, and a railroad built from the mines to the deep waters of Isthmus slough and extended back to the Coquille river—six miles in it. This enterprise, if carried out, will be of great value to the Company and of vast importance in opening up the Coquille valley to the advantages of the trade of Coos Bay, to direct shipments to and from San Francisco and Portland, and to the convenient and rapid settlement of the valuable timber and bottom lands of the Coquille river valley.

These statements are not the result of hearsay, but of close inspection and personal examination. They go far to explain the cause of the recent emigration to Coos Bay and the extensive settlement going on in the Coquille river valley, the forks and branches of that beautiful river. NORTHWEST.

From Vienna comes the gratifying intelligence that a lot of cartoons after Raphael, representing the average Cincinnati hog in his best lights, internal and external, have arrived at the Great Exposition and are now in place. It is also pleasing to note with what fidelity the Porkopolis of the West holds to her one great speciality. Cincinnati for hogs, and Louisville for whisky. Kentucky should send a barrel of her best Bourbon and a representative citizen. We forget Watterson, of the *Courier-Journal*, has gone, and he can represent both very well.

THE TERRITORIES.

Four fat men of Walla Walla lift the beam at 1,100 pounds.

Fifteen couples have been married at one hotel in Walla Walla in the last fifteen months.

Two horses died one day last week at Steilacoom, from what was supposed to be the epizooty.

Forty stand of arms have been furnished the Idaho Rangers, a military company at Boise City.

The new Postmaster of Walla Walla, S. D. Smith, has received his commission and taken possession of his office.

Private letters say Gen. Davis has expressed an intention to recommend that five companies of troops be stationed at Walla Walla.

From private letters we learn that the Waldron troupe had played to two full houses in Idaho City, and had bills out for a third performance.

Gen. Milroy, Superintendent of Indian Affairs for Washington Territory, has asked Olympia for the use of her jail, to put disorderly Indians in.

A lady of Greeley, Colorado Territory, has abandoned the needle for the plow, and has done plain sowing to the extent of 15 acres of wheat. She had formerly been accustomed to sewing sacks.

The Idaho *Statesman* says: "Never in the history of Boise valley has the fruit and grain crop promised to be so fruitful as the present season, which, in conjunction with the good mining season in the Basin, is very encouraging for the country."

Returns of the Assessors shows the value of property in nine counties of Washington Territory, to be as follows: Clarke, $689,471; Island, $507,441; Kitsap, $772,335; Klickitat, $292,815; Pacific, $557,236; Skamania, $144,840; Wahkiakum, $152,350; Stevens, $861,028; Yakima, $439,243.

The firm of Bailey & McCurdy, of the San Juan lime kiln, has been awarded a contract to furnish one thousand barrels of lime to the Washington Territory penitentiary. The first lot of 175 barrels was taken to Steilacoom on the 8th inst., on the schooner *Ontario*, by Mr. William McCurdy.

The Olympia *Tribune* says: "Owing to the cold and damp weather of the last two days, many of the horses afflicted with the epizootic that were recovering, have since relapsed, and are in as bad condition as they were a week ago. As a general thing, however, the disease is abating. Some few horses have entirely escaped it."

Several families—thirty two persons in all—left Mount Zion, Illinois, on the 28th ult., for Walla Walla valley. The party have nine good teams and covered spring wagons, and are well provided with everything for their own comfort, including several small stoves. They propose to make the trip in about sixteen weeks.

James Pickett, sentenced to be hanged on the 25th of July, for killing a Nez Perce squaw last August, near Pine City, was taken over from Lewiston to Boise City by Marshal Pinkham and lodged in the Penitentiary. Report says Pickett will probably hang. The evidence showed it to have been a horrible murder, with no palliating circumstances.

The Assessor of Stevens county, W. T., returns 275 dwellings, 148 farms, 582 white males, 276 white females, 174 colored males, 26 colored females, 327 foreign born males, 27 foreign born females, 262 married couples, 124 attend school, 4 blind, 378 can read, 424 cannot write, 354 male citizens over 21 years old. Clarke county returns 606 dwellings, 491 farms, 1,602 white males, 1,380 white females, 4 colored males and 2 colored females; number of foreign born males 282, females 183; 4154 acres farm land in tress, 3944 potatoes, 2,123 grass and clover, 35 corn, 31 barley, 1,165 oats, 1,368 wheat.

OREGON.

A thousand head of sheep started from Polk county for Eastern Oregon last Monday.

The erection of the new quartz mill at the Virtue mine, Baker City, is progressing rapidly.

The W. R. T. Co's wharf at Salem is about completed, and will be very convenient to shippers.

There is fear in Washington county that the late heavy rains will cause the forward wheat to fall down and lodge badly. We presume the same is true of other sections.

Our Hillsboro correspondent is informed that a special term of Court will be held at that place, beginning July 10th, to try the case of the State of Oregon vs Courtney W. Meek.

Mr. M. Sawyer, near Wheatland, Yamhill county, was thrown from his wagon a few days ago, and his team running away, the wagon passed over his body. His arm was broken and one of his eyes severely injured.

The editor of the Baker City *Democrat* says: "We can stand in our office door and count some ten or twelve buildings in the course of erection in our city." We can stand in the door of our office and count twelve thousand.

A paper up the country puts up base ball about right, when it calls it, "a great and time consuming nuisance, taking the mind of the scholars from their studies, and should be as much discountenanced as prize fighting, or any other muscular acquirement over mind."

A Clatsop county dairyman writes to us to know what is to constitute the "best gallon of butter milk" for which the Washington county Agricultural Society propose to offer a premium of $5." We give it up. Our correspondent thinks the "poorest" buttermilk is the "best," because it shows that the churning has been well done.

A young couple ran away from their fond parents and sought to be married at Baker City, but the affair was postponed, as the girl was not 15 years old. Down here, in such cases, the fellow hires some rascal to perjure himself and make the necessary affidavit. More than one instance of this kind has happened in Oregon.

It is from the Jewish world that we learn the particulars of a very curious ceremony, called "The Burying of the Law," which lately took place in the Jewish Synagogue of Jerusalem. It happens every eight or ten years, and is accompanied by the following circumstances: There is in the "Talmud Torah" Synagogue a subterranean cave, wherein every old leaf torn out from any holy books, every old worn out Bible, Gemara, and phylactery is deposited by all the Jewish inhabitants of Jerusalem of every Minhag. After eight or ten years, when the cave is full, these old paper and books are brought out and made up into bales. This done, the Jews begin to assemble at a given time in the afternoon. A kosher, or faultless Sepher Torah, richly ornamented and jeweled, is brought by the Cacham Bashi, and carried by him, and the other Rabbis in turn, at the head of the procession; he is followed by the other Rabbis, next come the bales, about seventy or eighty in number, each carried by a Jew, and then the rest of the people. The procession slowly winds its way out of the Zion gate for some distance along the city wall, and then descends into the valley of Jehosaphat, where the burial ground is situated. Here is a very deep well, where the bales are finally thrown, amid the singing of the joyous crowd.

By Overland Telegraph.

EASTERN DATES TO JUNE 16.

WASHINGTON CITY.

Difficulties on the Texas Frontiers.

WASHINGTON, June 16.—Commissioner Green has been ordered to the command of a vessel which is to be purchased for the discovery and relief of the *Polaris*, with Lieut.-Commander White as executive officer.

The Secretary is making the selection of a vessel suitable for Arctic navigation, and efforts are being made to start the expedition early in July. The vessels is taking out her guns and is being provisioned for a voyage of inquiry, and may leave the last of this week.

It is stated that the Navy Department has purchased the British steamer *Tigress* for the *Polaris* search expedition. She is the well known sealing vessel that picked up and rescued a portion of the crew of the *Polaris*.

Miscellaneous.

WASHINGTON, June 17.—A Washington special states that ex-President Johnson proposes to run for Governor of Tennessee, in full hopes that his election will promote him to the United States Senate.

A letter received from a trader in the Kiowa camp at Fort Sill says a very friendly feeling exists on the part of the Indians towards the General Government, which will be fostered on the restoration to them of Santana and Big Tree.

EASTERN STATES.

Cholera in Memphis.

MEMPHIS, June 16.—The weather to-day is unfavorable for the epidemic. Interments to day, 19; 16 of whom died of cholera and cholera infantum. The City Council has established a Board of Health.

Cholera in Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, June 16.—The past forty-eight hours have developed cases here resembling cholera, three of which have proven fatal. No excitement prevails, and the citizens are not generally apprehending the prevalence of the disease as an epidemic.

NEW YORK, June 16.—The Norwegian bark *Anna* from Havana to Havre, arrived in the Roads to-day with yellow fever on board. One man died on the passage. The Captain and three men have the fever, and are convalescing.

Louisiana Affairs.

NEW ORLEANS, June 17.—A meeting of white and colored citizens held last night, adopted a preamble and a long series of resolutions, the gist of which is contained in the following:

WHEREAS, Louisiana is threatened with death to the very organization of her material and political being; and

WHEREAS, Her calamities are but the fruits of the unnatural division among the children of her soil and of her adoption; and

WHEREAS, We have an abiding faith that there is love enough for her among her sons to invite them in an unequal struggle for her redemption; be it therefore

Resolved, First, That hereafter we dedicate ourselves to the benefit of our people.

Second—That by our people we mean men of what ever race, color or religion who are citizens of Louisiana and willing to work for her preservation.

Third—We shall advocate, by speech and deed equal and impartial exercise by every citizen of Louisiana of every civil and political right guaranteed by the Constitution and laws of Louisiana, and by the Constitution and laws of the United States, laws of honor, brotherhood and fair dealing.

Another Fire.

NEW YORK, June 17.—A fire was reported early this morning as originating in Weehawken, Westchester, threatening the whole town. The fire departments of the neighboring towns were called on for assistance.

FRANKLIN (Mass.), June 17.—A fire in Westboro this morning destroyed the Eagle block, two wooden buildings adjoining, and a block of three story frame buildings on Main and South streets. The Town at one time was seriously threatened, but the fortunate arrival of engines from neighboring places, and the interposition of brick walls, stopped the speed of the flames. Loss, $25,000.

An Explosion.

Brewer's Glue Factory in Rahway, New Jersey, was destroyed yesterday by an explosion, and fatally injured Scofield and Frank Mees, and injured two others.

Stabbing Affray.

NEW YORK, June 17.—Michael Kirwin, keeper of a liquor saloon at 231 East Second street, was fatally stabbed early this morning by John McManus, whom he refused to serve with liquor.

Our Regular Murder.

PITTSBURG, Pa., June 17.—Last night in a quarrel, Frederick Gray, Jr., a laborer, aged twenty-three, stabbed and killed Joseph Patterson.

Miscellaneous.

NASHUA, N. H., June 17.—Henry Jewell, found to be the murderer of Allen Woods, in Hudson, is dead. Miss Woods will recover.

NEW YORK, June 17.—We have the latest dates from Panama. The restored President is fraternizing with leaders of the revolution that banished him, and those who were discharging rifles at each other a few days ago, are now drinking each other's health.

The U. S. flagship *Pensacola*, Rear Admiral Steedman sailed hence on the 2d inst. for Callao.

The steamers *Omaha* and *Benicia* are daily expected at this port.

Several shocks of earthquake frightened the people of Valparaiso and the south parts of Chile. The first was at 12:22 P. M. on the 16th of May at Valparaiso, and lasted 42 seconds. A good deal of damage was done to public and private buildings from the motion being vertical.

WEST INDIES.

HAVANA, June 13.—A detachment of ninety rebels was surprised by insurgents near Sangroil, near Yucatan, and forty killed, including the commanding officer.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

From London.

LONDON, June 16.—The Shah of Persia arrived at Brussels to-day and will reach London Wednesday evening. Preparations are being made for his reception and entertainment by the Court, the city and the military and naval authorities at Crystal Palace, Opera House and Manchester. He will subsequently visit Liverpool.

The steamship *Great Eastern* has commenced laying the new Atlantic cable from Valentia Bay, Ireland, to Sydney Cape. A dispatch from on board at noon to-day reports the ship in lat. 52°22', long. 64° 35'. She had paid out 175 miles of cable. All well.

O'Kelly, the New York *Herald* correspondent, arrived in Spain, and has been delivered to the authorities. The Government took possession of the prisoner's effects, after they had been sealed by the American Consul.

A special says Emperor William is improving.

London, June 17.—Gortschakoff and wife are visiting the Prince and Princess of Wales at Sandringham.

A special from Berlin says that Emperor William, in a few days, will have gained the usual good health.

CALIFORNIA.

From San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 17.—The Board of Supervisors last night finally passed the consolidation of the Mayor's veto of the garbage and laundry orders for the week.

The last lecture at Dashaway's candle factory last night is estimated from $5 to $6 per candle.

It is stated that W. C. Ralston will probably succeed D. Mills as President of the

The Daily Oregonian.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, JUNE 18, 1873.

The Ring's Sunbeams.

No one can help admiring the ingenuity with which the *Bulletin* manages to extract sunbeams from that very cool cucumber, the municipal election of yesterday. Desirous of arguing itself and readers into the belief that the result of the contest is not wholly indicative of a strongly predominant sentiment in the community against the ring management of the affairs of the city, the *Bulletin* seeks an explanation of the result in another direction, and being entirely unconcerned upon the question whether its explanation is founded on fact or is purely fictitious, it proceeds to declare that the cause of the defeat of the ring was a combination of all the banks of the city, all the Democrats of the city and the water company to defeat the ring ticket. To have been beaten by so formidable a combination is not defeat, reasons the *Bulletin*; in fact proceeds that cheerful journal, to be so beaten can not be regarded otherwise than as a ring triumph. Then there is a sunbeam. Defeat at the hands of a foe of vastly superior strength, is not defeat but victory.

The logic by which this remarkable conclusion is reached from the given premises, is not entirely clear to the ordinary intellect. It is generally understood, especially in political contests, that when you are beaten by reason of your opponents being able to command votes enough to overwhelm you, your chances for future successes are rather slim, to say the least. That is exactly the sort of defeats that are supposed to be most disastrous to the party that suffers them.

But we are not under any great stress of necessity to quarrel with the mode of reasoning by which our cheerful neighbor arrives at a conclusion so apparently illogical, and so extremely comforting withal. For there is a fatal objection to his deductions, lying nearer the foundation of the matter, and that objection is, that his premises are wholly untrue. It is not true that the banks had anything whatever to do with the election. We presume the men employed in and about the banks went out to the polls and voted; at least, it is natural to suppose they would do so, and we therefore assume that they did, but it does not follow that the banks went, or any money from their vaults. It is plain that the *Bulletin* thinks that every man who has by industry, enterprise and economy, accumulated a competency, ought to be disfranchised unless he will vote the ring ticket. Those who agree to this peculiar view of the *Bulletin*, of course, will join that paper in denouncing such persons for showing themselves at the polls on election day.

Nor is it true that the Water Company united with the Citizens' ticket. There is, indeed, much ground for supposing there was an understanding between the Company and the Ring. One fact alone, which is susceptible of proof, would seem to settle that matter pretty well: when the tickets come to be counted, it was found that a very large majority instructed as high as five-sixths of the votes cast for the purchase of the Water Works, were the bogus Republican or Ring ticket. This we get directly from persons who helped to count the votes; and does it not settle the question beyond a doubt?

And it is equally untrue that the Democratic ticket secured the success of the Citizens' ticket. It was generally understood that the Democratic ticket was nominated simply and exclusively as a means of aiding the Ring ticket. It was fixed up by men who are known to be in perfect accord with the Ring, and who come with the leaders of the Ring daily. It was carefully managed in order that the candidates on that ticket should not draw away votes from the Ring nominees; and many of the leading Democrats who were most active in fixing it up and launching it into the field, actually voted for the Ring ticket. We could mention the names of such. They openly talked it on the street all day yesterday, and said it was the first time they ever threw off on the Democratic ticket. Look at the actual returns, and see what they show. The number of votes for the Democratic candidates averaged about 80 in the First Ward. But Mr. Herman, Democratic nominee for Councilman from that Ward received 109 votes, running 29 ahead of his ticket. Does anybody suppose for a moment that Mr. Herman received any votes but those of Democrats? Of course not. Now suppose all the other Democratic candidates had received the same vote that Herman got, who would have suffered by it? Somebody would necessarily have received so many votes less. Would the loss have fallen on the Citizens' ticket, or on the bogus Republican or Ring tickets? The answer to this question settles the point who was benefited by the Democratic ticket. As Mr. Herman—Democratic candidate—ran ahead of the average of his ticket, to about the same extent Mr. Quimby—Ring candidate—ran behind the average of his. Had the other Democratic candidates received the same number of votes as Mr. Herman, the other Ring candidates would have suffered as Mr. Quimby did. But the Democrats fell short, and the vote they lacked went to swell the count for the Ring candidates. This is the logic of figures a logic that never lies,—and it proves that a large number of votes which the Democratic candidates might have expected to receive, voted the Ring ticket, and left only such as could not be persuaded to vote for the Ring, to vote the Democratic ticket, and thus diminish the plurality the Citizens' ticket would have received, had there been no Democratic ticket in the field. It was patent all day that the Citizens' ticket had all the possible combinations, besides hundreds of fraudulent votes, to contend against. Its triumph, under such circumstances, is astonishing.

A few days since we chronicled the letter of ex-Governor Wise, in which he declined to accept a candidacy for the gubernatorial office of Virginia at the hands of the Republican party. Now it would seem as though the Governor has a mild hankering for the office after all. After his refusal, it required considerable tact to develop that lingering wish without giving offense. As the Governor is not a man of diplomacy, he imitated Douglas Jerrold's "man of cheek,"—made audacity serve for lack of diplomacy. Accordingly, we read that he has written a four-column letter in which he says that he will not run if the two parties make nominations, but will run independently if either party shall decline to make a nomination. Astonishing prudence! A wise gentleman, is Governor Wise.

Jefferson Davis is engaged in writing a history of the rebellion. It threatens to be a rehearsal of personal grievances, not a narrative of facts. One long chapter of learned protest against his misfortunes has for its subject, "The Infinite Folly of Feminine Garments."

A Valuable Endorsement.

The *N. Y. Times* discusses the new situation in the Modoc business—that one brought about by the capture of Jack and his most murderous braves, with a sagacity infinitely superior to the politic utterance of the Eastern press generally. For instance, of the message of Governor Grover to the Interior Department demanding the custody of such Indians as may stand indicted in our State courts, the *Times* says

> There is no good reason for refusing the request of Gov. Grover, of Oregon, that such of the Modoc prisoners as have been indicted for murder in the State Courts be delivered to the State authorities. To recognize these savages as belligerents is to dignify assassins and to provoke fresh outbreaks of Indian treachery and ferocity. If Capt. Jack escape the punishment he has done so much to deserve, every settler on this frontier is exposed to increased danger, and a wrong is done to the Indians themselves, as they will be encouraged to commit acts for which in the end they must suffer. The Government is said to be deliberating upon this question, and we hope a conclusion will be reached that will have the effect of restraining the Indians in the future from such deeds as the murder of Gen. Canby. It may not be amiss to recall the results which followed the hanging of thirty-eight Sioux savages, who were engaged in the Minnesota massacre eleven years ago. The interests of public justice demand that the lesson shall be so far repeated that Capt. Jack shall be at least placed on trial for his crimes. When arraigned at the bar of a civil court the glamor of romance will fall from him, so that even the Indians will see the overtaken felon instead of the baffled and captured warrior. If nothing more should follow, this spectacle of itself would do more to secure peace in the future than anything which could be done by the military power of the Government.

Deputy Blanc has come on the turbulent stage of Spanish politics. We know one M. Blanc, he is (or was, before the last plebiscitum,) in the French Assembly—a pert, courageous little chap of infinite strategic resource. The difference between the Monsieur and the Señor Deputy is not so great, after all. From the tribune in the Cortes, the other day, Deputy Blanc apostrophized his dissenting colleagues on the stete of the country, and moved "that after the proclamation of the Republic, the members of the Cortes place themselves at the head of the volunteers of their respective provinces, and unite in one grand effort to exterminate or drive from the country the Carlists." We may imagine with what degree of favor the proposition was received. To the average legislator, peaceful harangue and the wordy battle is infinitely preferable to the recoil of a needle-gun. Especially so in European States to those with whom legislation is a trade.

The Lonisville *Courier-Journal* says there is considerable discussion at Washington City in regard to the effect that the discovery of our Senator's going under an assumed name will have upon his election. Some say it will invalidate the election and vacate his seat, while others insist that the question is simply one of identity, and that since there is no doubt what person was intended to be elected it is unimportant as a legal proposition whether he was known by his true name or not. The latter view is in our view the correct one so far as the question of law is concerned. It was not the name that was elected Senator, but the man; and so long as there is no doubt about the right man being in his seat, we should be at loss to find a basis upon which to ground the position that his election was invalid, because he was elected under a false name.

The Mongolian fares sadly in Cuba, so sadly that the leading journals of Havana having repeatedly called the attention of the Colonization Society (which took them thither) to the frequent outrages, now demands the enforcement of the Coolies' legal rights by legal process, if it be necessary. The *Tribune* attacks the Society, and regrets that it fails to secure humane treatment for the Chinese laborers, and better prospects for them when their contracts expire. It says the cruelty with which they are treated causes them to resort to suicide, murder or flight. It denounces the compulsory recontract system, and charges that the present rules were concocted by men who, finding that they could not continue their illicit traffic in human flesh, attempt to cheat the law by changing the name of the traffic.

General Garfield has prepared a lecture on "the relations of corporations to the future politics of this country." He will address the farmers' clubs throughout the West during the coming summer. It has occurred to us that it would be more entertaining and profitable, if it might be just as agreeable to Mr. Garfield, to tell something about the relations of corporations to the *present* politics of the country. "Credit Mobilier," *Cong. Globe*, vol. IX, p. 249, would make a good text.

Chicago had a jubilee last week. Other cities have had jubilees, but Chicago was the first city to sanctify the strongly utilitarian rafters of a railway depot to the sweet voices of a gigantic chorus. Calliope has triumphed over Vanderbilt, and Chicago has distanced her staid old competitor, Boston, quite as much in this matter of noisome festival as in the other of divorce.

We are constrained to believe that Watterson understands the theory and practice of the successful newspaper publisher. He says: "Mr. Prince, of Indiana, requests us to send him the *Courier-Journal* one year, promising to forward the money at the end of that time. 'Put not your trust in Princes.' Hence the cash principle, which is inflexible."

The question of a paper currency disturbs the counsels of the Cortes at Madrid. It is very generally opposed by Deputies from the farming communities, and so bitterly is the contest waged that the Government has concluded to submit the question to the new Ministry which has just been formed, as has been said, directly by the people.

There is very little of cobweb rhetoric about the speech of the farmers of Carroll county, Illinois. In convention, the other day, they resolved that "the increase of Congressional salaries in these hard times is an infernal outrage upon the working people of the country." That is the plain truth in rustic garb.

A Washington dispatch says that in view of the September payment of sixteen millions in gold by the British Government, on account of the Geneva award, our Syndicate in London has advised Secretary Fish to call in twenty millions of bonds, lest our transactions in the London market should suffer from the sudden withdrawal of the large sum named.

The latest returns from the election for Judge of the Supreme Court in the Fifth Judicial District in Illinois, show the election of Craig (Farmers' candidate) by a majority of of at least 2,000. We had heretofore announced his defeat.

At Freeport, W. T., W. H. Bryant is building a barkentine 126 feet long and 11 feet depth of hold. She will be launched about the 1st of July.

ACROSS THE GREAT NORTHWEST.

[From our Special Correspondent.]

LESLIE, Mich., June 4th, 1873.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN

The sweltering heat, peculiar to all localities on this side of the Rocky Mountains in June, has produced in me a stupor decidedly unfavorable to newspaper correspondence. I recollect that it will be a month to-morrow since I left Portland, and this brings to mind my promise to write once a month. My journey hitherward across the Continent seems like a dream. In memory, I trace the dim outlines of the broad Columbia, swollen by the melting snows of the far off mountains, hastening on its course through a vast monotonous, grass covered plain below its junction with Snake river, till at the Dalles it quickens its pace, and with music and dancing, goes skipping, rushing and roaring down its chasm channel cut through mountain barriers, on either side of which were grass covered mountains, perpendicular cliffs of frowning basalt buried as to their tops in snow or wreathed by clouds; silvery streams pouring over overhanging precipices and dissolving in vapory mist long before reaching the little crystal lakes they feed below—all passing in such quick succession before the eye of the traveler, that at this distant view, one in trying to trace the outlines of this beauty, finds them all so blended on the tablet of his memory, that he is only able to make out, written in letters of light—"*Glorious Oregon!*" The cool breezes of the Columbia that fanned my looks as I sat on the prow of the steamer, seem in imagination to blow on me still, as I essay to write in this mammoth Mississippi Valley sweat house.

At the Dalles I accepted an invitation from Rev. Thomas Condon to examine his

COLLECTION OF OREGON FOSSILS.

Many in Oregon have had the pleasure of listening to Mr. Condon's most excellent Zoological lectures on "Ancient Oregon," but no one who has not visited him and examined his wagon loads of specimens, has any real idea of the indefatigable character of his researches, or of the lavish hand with which Nature has bidden away under the mountains, the records of her mighty handiwork, stretching through at least four epochs of myriads of ages each, reaching down from the time that this little mud ball was cooled off enough to develop or support the fauna and flora that gave it its first attraction, down to the uprising of the biped species. With what intense interest must the man of letters delve into this great library under ground to trace in "God's word" too deeply buried for kings to destroy or priests to mistranslate, misinterpret, and otherwise tamper with the history of the ages, back to the very dawn of the eocene tertiary! Let me caution your readers, however, not to be too credulous in studying this book, which, like the Mormon bible, has been "dug up" by friend Condon and others, if not by Jo Smith. They might be led into the "dangerous belief" that the hippopotamus, the elephant, antelodon, lion, as well as the palm tree and other tropical animals and plants, flourished in Oregon more than a million of years ago, whereas I read in a religious paper before me, printed in Chicago, and devoted to "Second Advent" principles, that this whole country had a tropical climate before the fall of Adam, about six thousand years ago. The editor assures us that Christ is about to return to reign in person, and that immediately after his advent the whole world will become warm again. Then the Esquimaux will plant large orange orchards, the Laplanders will live on raisins mostly, while the Michiganders will probably be able to produce a pretty good crop of sweet potatoes. This is encouraging to people over here just now, as the "hard winter" has left them in a happy state of mind to receive theological dogmas that have any warmth connected with them; hence I find a goodly number of that faith hereabouts, the women having sealed their faith in the doctrine, by donning breeches.

Mr. Condon has no suitable building in which to keep his cabinet, and his salary of $1,000 a year is not half what he needs to enable him to prosecute his researches. It is a beggarly pittance, doled out by the Legislature, and the State will never do itself justice till it at least doubles his present pay.

At Baker City I examined an interesting cabinet of specimens, collected by Mr. Virtue—consisting mostly of minerals. I there saw the jaw of what passes for a mastodon, taken out of a gold mine some sixty feet under ground. There for long ages the bones of this animal had reposed, in a bed of sparkling quartz and glittering gold. What monarch could desire a more splendid burial? I incline to think this is the jaw bone of the animal Tom Moore sings of:

> "The bone that sticks a home,
> Where wealth and grandeur shines,
> I like the gloomy gold mines,
> That dwells in dark gold mines."

The journey from Umatilla to Kelton was made in nine days by stage. Rather slow time for this fast age, but the horses along the whole route were but just recovering from the epizootic—a complaint, by the way, which the people here in Michigan enjoyed in common with the horses. I do not think one horse in a thousand has been lost by this disease. At Rock Creek Station Col. Taggart and myself stopped over to visit the

GREAT SHOSHONE FALLS.

We chartered two cayuses which soon galloped over the nine mile course across the sage plains and brought us to the upper falls. Here half of Snake river slides down a precipitous, jagged plain of basalt, while the other half of the river, cut off from the eastern half by an island at the head of the falls, dashes down a perpendicular ledge, falling some eighty or a hundred feet into the chasm below. This is a fine waterfall, but eclipsed in grandeur by the great falls three miles below, where our cayuses soon landed us. This great fall is estimated to be from 180 to 210 feet. The roar can be heard several miles and the cloud of spray that hovers over it serves as a guide to travelers a long ways off. The fall is in fact composed of two falls, the upper one having much the appearance as to hight of the falls at Oregon City. A few rods below the whole river takes its last perpendicular plunge, apparently falling about three times as far as it does at the fall above. This lower fall is horse shoe shaped, and though the grandest of the kind I ever saw, Niagara in the far distance danced before me in imagination, and roared out in thunder tones its demands for homage as monarch of the world of dashing, roaring waters. I couldn't get up much enthusiasm over the waterfall or the beautiful rainbow that stood as a "promise" that I shouldn't be drowned if I wasn't careless enough to tumble in—or, if I was "born to be hung." But I did wonder, and wonder, how a salmon could run up a sheet of water falling perpendicularly, nearly 200 feet. The "natural man" would as soon have believed he could climb a lightning rod, or that Jonah swallowed the whale, instead of having been made an undigested meal of himself. But the fact is, he (the salmon, I mean, not Jonah) *does* jump the great Shoshone Falls. The proof is found in the myriads of these fish above the falls. This fact has somewhat washed off the jagged protuberances of my inclination to be a little skeptical about matters that seemed unreasonable, and to the subsequent pious train of thought I imperceptibly slid into, is owing perhaps in a great measure to my present disposition to believe almost any "fish story." Near these falls a lot of Chinamen were once engaged in digging gold, and the remnants of their rude shanties, with here and there a few rags and a baker's oven in ruins, is all that is left of their presence on Snake. The great Shoshone Falls, being off the line of travel, are seldom seen by the eye of the tourist, or resorted to by "learned men," or curiosity hunters. Our landlady at Rock Creek, however, assured us that a

MAN OF SCIENCE FROM OREGON

Had lately visited these falls in quest of fossils, geological specimens, botanical curiosities, and whatever else, added to a bottle of water taken from the river, and would render North America famous at the next World's Fair. She described this literary genius as having a fine squeaking voice; as carrying a pamphlet on "Oregon war claims" in his hat having the author's likeness on the outside and inside of the cover, and claiming to be a "leading editor in Oregon." She said he returned from the falls highly elated with his success, having gathered what he called "two rare specimens," but which she assured me were, in plain English, the one a dried buffalo chip and the other a brick bat—whatever he might call them in Latin. I cannot imagine who this could have been. Could it have been the great Professor Agassiz?

I stopped off the cars at Brigham Station, Utah, this being the nearest point to the Soda Springs on Bear river, Idaho, variously estimated to be distant from Brigham some 80 or 100 miles. Here I heard discouraging accounts concerning the medical virtues of these springs and the accommodations for visitors. The cold rains, mixed with snow, that began to fall on us in the Goose Creek mountain country, still continued in this locality. I went five miles on my journey to Brigham City, a Mormon village of about 1,000. The horrible weather, with Mormon assurance that I was a month too soon to expect good weather in the Bear river mountains, induced me to turn my course towards the Colorado Springs, some 70 miles from Denver. My stay among the Mormons gave me a chance to question many of the "Latter Day Saints" females as to

MORMON WOMEN'S VIEWS OF POLYGAMY.

I find a much greater dissatisfaction than I found five years ago. The women almost universally, especially the old wives, wear those woebegone, gloomy countenances that make a little hell in every house where they are seen. I saw in one house two or three old wives, perhaps forty-five or forty eight years old, bending over washtubs, scouring tin, mopping floors, and slinging pots and kettles around, as only old, experienced matrons can. The young wife, apparently a fresh addition to the harem, sat in the parlor, tastily though cheaply clad, and busying herself in hemming a white apron. Ye gods! Didn't I see those old mothers in Israel, as they occasionally passed through the parlor and glanced at this white-aproned vestal? Didn't I see written in unmistakable characters of livid blackness on their sorrowful faces what they thought of this intruder who had stolen the heart and affections of their old "Latter Day Saint" (? Lord, who was trying to "serve God" by getting half a dozen women to serve him?

But then this is their religion. Their religion teaches them (so a shoemaker in Brigham City told me) that God had revealed to Brigham Young the startling fact that polygamy was necessary to enable the women to attain to a "Superior exaltation in Heaven." Women must degrade themselves here to be exalted hereafter. Women being naturally religious, and anxious to "please God," at first set out with all the zeal of Bunyan's Pilgrim to seek after the "Superior exaltation." But the march of improvement, that is rapidly melting down old theological icebergs, and cooling off some very hot places, has also left an occasional footprint in Utah. Women here are beginning to be "skeptical"—to doubt whether it really is the will of God that she suffer hell here to win heaven hereafter. The fact is, that Mormonism, like many other isms, is slowly weakening. They are already divided into several sects, are divided on polygamy, and have feuds in the congregation, and tear shedding, scolding and hair pulling in the household. I left Utah with my faith in polygamy, as the philosopher's stone, somewhat shaken, and I sent word to Brigham that he needn't make any preparation to "Seal" me till he heard from me again.

In reaching Cheyenne, the cold and stormy weather continued. The mountains were white with snow all around, and vegetation had hardly started. Here I heard of the wonderful springs in Michigan, and concluded to try them. I came near meeting with

AN ACCIDENT IN OMAHA,

But didn't. It was dark when the train reached this, the meanest and most unwitting city between the two oceans. The ten human beings that got inside of that omnibus, which, for six bits in advance was to take us to the hotel and return us to the cars in the morning, made too heavy a load for Omaha roads. The starboard fore wheel directly over which I sat on the inside, dove nearly out of sight in a muddy hollow we had to pass. This capsized the craft, throwing me on my back, where I was held fast by any amount of baggage which hagged my feet, and a large fleshy woman who was thrown down upon me from her seat opposite. The horses took fright, wheeled square to the left, broke the tongue of the four-wheeled fabric, and tried to run away. The men inside, instead of jumping out at the back door, as they should have done, sat stupidly motionless, (or stood, I couldn't see which,) the woman screamed, the driver yelled to somebody to "catch hold of them horses—whoa! whoa!" the horses thumped the bus with their heels, which responded like a huge bass drum, or the Trojan horse to the halbert of Laocoon; while all this time, the fat girl I wished I'd left behind me," was pressing the breath out of me with the weight of her charms, and gently whispering in my ear all sorts of apologies for being there. The danger of being smothered under crinoline or of being dragged to death by crazy, frightened horses, forcibly presented itself, and I recollect the words of one of the Modoc Peace Commissioners, who, on being warned by Riddle's squaw that Jack would kill him, replied: "I don't believe God has brought me here with such an end in view." This pious idea might have consoled me if I had not just then called to mind the real "end" that God permitted that pious sister to come to. To avoid such an end myself, I pointed to the rear hole in the omnibus, and used some pretty strong language, which soon caused a general emptying of the inside and released me from the affectionate embraces of my lady love, who, as she informed me, weighed a hundred, eighty-two and a half pounds.

But this is long enough for one letter. To-morrow I will try to write again, and post you about these wonderful Michigan springs—two artesian wells.

W. L. A.

Protection Engine Co. No. 4.—Special meeting this (Wednesday) evening at 7½ o'clock. By order. J. C. CAPSON, President.

Portland Light Battery will meet this evening at 7:30 o'clock. By order CAPTAIN.

DIED:

At Forest Grove, Saturday, June 14th, Eugene, son of C. and Sarah Sloan; aged 22 years.

NEW TO-DAY.

Prof. O. S. FOWLER

WILL LECTURE IN

EAST PORTLAND, JUNE 13TH TO 16TH; VANCOUVER, 17th to 19th; The Dalles, 21st to 24th; Walla Walla, 27th to 30th; Lewiston, July 2d to 5th; Forest Grove, 9th to 11th; Lafayette, 12th to 15th; Oregon City, 16th to 18th; Salem, 17th to 24th; Albany, 26th to 29th; Eugene, 30th to August 1st; Oakland, 2d to 3d; Roseburg, 4th to 6th; Jacksonville 8th; or near these dates. See papers and bills in each place for particulars. Address invitations to adjacent places as above. 35.6t

EFFICIENT AGENTS WANTED

In this State and Washington Territory, to sell

WM. H. SEWARD'S TRAVELS.

THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY announce that they have now ready GOVERNOR SEWARD'S WONDERFUL JOURNEY AROUND THE WORLD.

This deeply interesting work was completed a few days before the distinguished traveler's death, and the publishers have spared no pains to make it the most elegantly gotten up book of travel ever published, the Engravings alone costing $15,000, and numbering nearly 300

It is sold only by subscription, and the General Agents desire that all the residents of the Pacific coast shall have an opportunity to possess this book. As a work of travel it is unequalled, containing, as it does the experience and comments of one of our most gifted statesmen. Should any one be overlooked by our Agents, we shall with pleasure supply the work on application.

D. Appleton & Co., New York, Publishers.
Address A. ROMAN & Co., San Francisco.
jel7-dw2w.wlm General Agents for Pacific Coast.

RUPTURE!

Remarkable Cure of an Enormous Rupture of 22 Years' Standing, by the Use of Dr. Marsh's Patent Truss.

Read the following Letter from Mr. Jacob Fatz, who was Cured in Nine Months.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 3, 1873.

MARSH'S TRUSS COMPANY—GENTS: THIS IS to certify that I have worn Dr. Marsh's Patent Truss for nearly nine months, and have been RADICALLY CURED of a very large, painful and troublesome Rupture of twenty-two years' standing. My Rupture equals in size almost any child's head, but now I am sound and stronger than I have been for years, and I feel perfectly safe to do any labor on the Truss. Very truly yours,

JACOB FATZ, 50 Pacific street.

DR. S. N. MARSH'S PATENT RADICAL CURE TRUSS, and all other kinds of Trusses, Shoulder Braces, Supporters, Elastic Stockings, Suspensory Bandages and Apparatus for Deformities accurately fitted at the Radical Cure Truss Office of the MARSH TRUSS COMPANY, 508 Montgomery street, corner of Commercial, San Francisco.

Illustrated pamphlets free to any one upon application. je17d4p3mwdm

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the District of Oregon.—Notice of Assignee of his appointment.—At the city of Portland the 16th day of June, A. D. 1873.—The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of the *Herald* Printing Company, of the city of Portland in the county of Multnomah and State of Oregon, within said District, who have been adjudged bankrupt upon their own voluntary petition by the District Court of said District.

je17dlawdt JOSEPH BACHMAN, Assignee.

Amusements.

MR. THEATRE

THE BEAUTIFUL QUEEN

June 17, 19 and 21.

At Oro Fino Theater.

Tickets can be had at J. K. Gill & Co.'s, Corner of Front and Stark Steet & Co.'s, J. McCraken, S. C. Barnett, W. K. Ridge.

FAIR AND FESTIVAL.

THE LADIES OF THE UNITARIAN SOCIETY will hold a

Strawberry Festival

AND

A FANCY FAIR,

AT THEIR CHAPEL on YAMHILL and SEVENTH STS.

On Wednesday Evening June 18, 1873.

jel4-tf2

1776. 1873.

CELEBRATION

OF THE

NINETY-SEVENTH ANNIVERSARY

OF OUR

NATIONAL INDEPENDENCE!

THE CITIZENS OF PORTLAND INTEND CELEBRATING the coming anniversary of American Independence by a

GRAND PARADE

AN ORATION,

AND

A Grand Display of Fireworks!

In the evening, together with festivities suited to the proper commemoration of this time honored occasion, and extend a cordial invitation to their fellow-citizens throughout this State and Washington Territory to unite with them in celebrating the coming

FOURTH OF JULY!

All Associations, Societies, or other organized bodies, desirous of participating on this occasion, will please notify the Chairman of the Committee of Arrangements on or before the first of July, in order that suitable arrangements may be made for their reception and entertainment.

A Full Programme

Of the exercises of the day will shortly be published. By order of the

COMMITTEE OF ARRANGEMENTS.

Valuable Real Estate

FOR SALE.

THE GROUND AND BUILDINGS NOW OCCUPIED for the

COSMOPOLITAN HOTEL,

Together with the stores and offices under the same, being 125 feet on FRONT STREET, running north from STARK STREET and 175 feet to low-water mark of the Willamette river.

The property is most centrally located for BUSINESS PROPERTY, and presents the most desirable WHARFING privilege of any in the city.

The HOTEL is the most prosperous in the city, being the center where all travelers and business men meet to interview each other.

This property is paying over ONE PER CENT. PER MONTH under a lease on the price asked.

The owner having determined to engage in active business in another section of the State, will sell this property at a great bargain, if application be made soon.

For price and terms apply to the owner, Colonel A. R. Denniston, or

FERRY, WOODWARD & CO.,
Real Estate and Money Brokers,
64 Front St., Portland, Or.

jel4dw2f

ICE CREAM!

DURING THE SUMMER SEASON THE UNDERsigned will have on hand and make to order all kinds of

ICE CREAMS,
WATER ICES,
ROMAN PUNCH,
CHARLOTTE DE RUSSE,

CAKES and TARTS of all descriptions

SWISS CHEESE,
RUSSIAN CAVIAR,
SARDELLEN, ETC.,

And the best and most complete stock of

FRENCH AND AMERICAN CANDIES

Wholesale or Retail.

ICE CREAM delivered to any part of the city free of charge.

ALISKY & HECKLE,
PORTLAND CANDY MANUFACTORY,
No. 107 First street, opposite Post Office.

PATRONISE HOME MANUFACTURE

AINSLIE & DAVIDSON,

Manufacturers and Dealers in

DOORS, SASH, BLINDS, FRAMES,

SHUTTERS, BRACKETS, and ALL KINDS OF SCROLL SAWING,

HAVING THE BEST FACILITIES AND THE latest improved wood-working machinery for the manufacture of the above articles, can offer superior inducements to customers, and at San Francisco prices, at

Nicolais Bros' Mill,

Also, best quality of SEASONED CEDAR LUMBER, CEILING and RUSTIC MOULDINGS, and SHINGLES. WOOD-TURNING of all its branches. Balusters, Newel Posts, Billiard Balls, Croquet Sets, etc., at

NICOLAIS BROS' MILL AND FACTORY,
Cor. Second and E Sts., Portland.

JANION & RHODES,

FRONT STREET, PORTLAND.

Wool Bags, Wool Bags!

Grain Bags, Grain Bags!

Sealed Proposals.

CHIEF QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,
DEPARTMENT OF THE COLUMBIA,
PORTLAND, June 16, 1873.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED AT this office until 12 M. on the 16th day of July, 1873, for supplying, at Portland, Oregon,

150 CORDS OAK WOOD,
20 CORDS FIR WOOD.

R. N. BATCHELDER,
Chief Quartermaster.

Notice to Firemen.

AT A SPECIAL MEETING HELD ON THURSDAY evening, June 12, 1873, by the Board of Foremen, the following order was made by said Board: That the Chief Engineer and Secretary of the Department were instructed to advertise in the daily papers of the city, for the period of one week to the effect that hereafter there be no more ringing of Bells located upon engine houses, except for fires or alarms thereof. W. D. BRUEN,
Chief Engineer and President Board of Foremen.
C. BALL, Secretary P. F. D. jel7-4t

TO WOOL-GROWERS.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE FOR SALE, JUST landed,

GILROY WOOL BAGS 40x90.

c21 HEWETT, WILSON & CO.

1,000 Pounds Strawberries,

AT

C. M. MARTIN'S

TO-DAY,

Below market Price.

AT SAN FRANCISCO COST!

DOORS, WINDOWS AND BLINDS!

OF ALL SIZES.

Call and See our Stock.

EVERDING & FARRELL

149 Front street

Kalsomining or Whitening,

ROOMS, PARLORS, SALOONS, ETC., NEATLY done to order. Terms moderate. By salmon high-water unintended. Apply at THOMPSON'S TWO-BIT HOUSE, Front street. m15dtf

Ocean Steamers.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO, DIRECT.

Carrying the U. S. Mail.

THE OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S STEAM-ship

AJAX

FRED. BOLLES ..... Commander

Will leave Portland Wharf, near Ash Street Dock Company's Wharf, at foot of F Street, for the above port

FRIDAY, JUNE 20, 1873.

At 5 o'clock P. M.

For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, corner Front and Front Streets.

GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

For Port Townsend, Seattle, Steilacoom, Olympia, Nanaimo, Victoria, Ft. Wrangle and Sitka.

THE OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S STEAM Propeller

CALIFORNIA,

JOHN HAYES, Commander,

Will leave Portland Warehouse and Dock Company's Wharf, at foot of F Street, for the above ports

FRIDAY, JUNE 27th, 1873,

At 5 o'clock, P. M.

Victoria, Nanaimo and Sitka freight must be cleared before 12 o'clock, A. M.

For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, corner of F and Front Street.

GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

From Coos Bay for San Francisco

THE STEAMER

MASTERPIECE,

GEO. PATON ..... Captain,

Will leave COOS BAY for SAN FRANCISCO, on or about the

1st and 15th of Each Month.

Has SUPERIOR ACCOMMODATIONS FOR PASSENGERS. For freight or passage apply to

J. SCHUTTER, Agent, Coos Bay.
jel6dtf D. BRADLE, Agent, San Francisco.

Watches and Jewelry.

L. G. Leuthchnon & Co.,

FASHIONABLE JEWELERS!

109 First St.,

Offer a complete assortment of

Diamonds and Jewelry,

Gold and Silver watches and SILVERWARE

Tools & Stock.

PACIFIC

BOOT & SHOE STORE

S. W. corner FIRST and MORRISON STS.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES!

ON AND AFTER THIS DATE I WILL SELL, FOR CASH, of Custom Work, Boots and Shoes, Leading Kid Foxed Boots $3 50

Ladies' Kid Quality 16-button Leading, Kid Foxed Patents $1 75

Name.	Old Price.	New Price.
Mens' First Quality, do	$2 00	$2 50
" Second Quality, do	1 50	2 00
Children's First Quality	1 25	2 00
" Second Quality	1 25	1 50

GEO. A. F[illegible]

Millinery Goods.

MILLINERY, MILLINERY!

DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS.

All the Latest Styles

And everything pertaining to the business on hand

NEW GOODS BY EVERY STEAMER.

SOLD LOW, CHEAPER THAN EVER, to suit the times. Drop in and judge for yourself, at

P. VAN FRIDAGH'S,

99 DEKUM'S BUILDING, FIRST ST.

EUGENE SEMELE,

GENERAL BROKER AND LAND AGENT.

BONDS, STOCKS AND REAL ESTATE BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.

COLLECTIONS & INVESTMENTS MADE FOR PARTIES ABROAD.

AGENT FOR THE TRANSACTION OF ALL KINDS OF FINANCIAL BUSINESS.

REAL ESTATE AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AT THE STARK STREET FERRY LANDING, PORTLAND, OREGON.

GOLD, SILVER, TIN, AND OTHER

WATT, FARRELL, Window Shades,

Etc., Etc.—for sale by

GEORGE T. STORY

45 Front Street.

THE ART GALLERY OF PORTLAND

(LATE "OPPOSITION LINE")

Corner First and Taylor streets—No 14

O. DENNIE, Photographer,

HAS OPENED HIS NEW GALLERY AT THE above place with an ENTIRE NEW OUTFIT. The rooms are easy of access from the street, and are the most complete in the State. San Francisco style of top-light with Revolving Shades to produce fine, soft shades on the picture.

Floating Photographs!

Something New and Beautiful.

PORCELAIN, ENAMELED CARDS, and all the latest improvements of the art.

Friends, patrons and the public generally invited to call and inspect the new VIEWS OF THE CITY and Public Buildings. No pictures taken on Sunday.

GOLDSMITH & LOEWENBERG.

S. GOLDSMITH. J. LOEWENBERG.

S. GOLDSMITH FREIDMAN & CO.

GOLDSMITH & LOEWENBERG.

24 & 26 Front St., O. S. N. Co's Block,

Importers and Dealers in

STOVES, METALS,

AND

TINMEN'S STOCK.

AGENCY FOR

TILTON & M'FARLAND'S SAFES

Auction and Commission.

A. B. RICHARDSON,

AUCTIONEER,

Corner of Front and Oak Sts.

AUCTION SALES OF REAL ESTATE, GROCERIES, MERCHANDISE AND EFFECTS.

Sale Days—Wednesday and Saturday.

A. B. RICHARDSON.

At Private Sale,

Large Assortment of GROCERIES, etc.

LIBERAL ADVANCES MADE on Consignments.

To parties declining Business, I will Purchase Second-Hand Furniture.

A. B. RICHARDSON.

Regular and Private Sales of Furniture, Groceries, REAL ESTATE AND GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

I will sell at my Auction Rooms,

WEDNESDAY, June 18th,

At 10 o'clock, A. M.,

Real Estate,

Lot numbered Eight (8) in Block Number Eighty-Eight, in Lincoln Addition to the City of Portland, with

NEW STOREHOUSE,

Size 22x40, and

STORY AND A HALF HOUSE,

Size 24x40,

COMFORTABLE COTTAGE,

Terms, one-half cash, balance in one year with interest at the rate of 10 per cent. per annum.

Groceries,

200 bxs C. C. SOAP,
50 bxs FANCY SOAP,
50 bxs HERRING,
25 bxs MUSTARD,
125 kgs S. I. SUGAR,

A. B. RICHARDSON, Auctioneer.

Insurance.

MUTUAL INSURANCE

OF SAN FRANCISCO.

FIRE AND MARINE.

Capital ..... $

JOHN H. WISE, President.
GEO. H. STORY, Secretary.
CHAS. E. STORY, Treasurer.
N. B. EDDY, Surveyor.
H. H. BIGELOW, Marine Surveyor.

PORTLAND—P. W. [illegible]
SAN FRANCISCO—[illegible]
ALBANY—[illegible]
DALLAS—[illegible]
LA GRANDE—[illegible]

Tickets for Sale.

The Boat will be open on the Dock for the issue of tickets from 1 to 6 P. M. Tickets can be had at the Agencies of Ladd & Tilton, Grey, G. A. Starr

...tion and Commission.

...B. RICHARDSON,
...OTION SALE
...ESTATE GROCERIES GENERAL
...CHANDISE AND HORSES
...ys—Wednesday and Saturday
A. B RICHARDSON, Auctioneer

...t Private Sale.
...portment of GROCERIES & LIQUORS
...ADVANCES MADE ON CONSIGNMENTS.
...A. B RICHARDSON, Auctioneer.

...lar and Peremptory Sale
OF
...iture, Groceries
...REAL ESTATE,
AND
...AL MERCHANDISE, ETC.
...will sell at my Auction Salesroom,
...SUNDAY, JUNE 15, 1873,
At 10 o'clock, A M

...Real Estate.
...ed Eight (8) in Block 174 situated on Wash...
...corner of Sixth street together with
...OUSEHOUSE, FINELY FURNISHED.
ALSO
...A HALF HOUSE, containing eight ro...
ALSO,
...ABLE COTTAGE, containing six r...
...half cash, balance in twelve months with...
...rate of 10 per cent per year.
ALSO!

Groceries.
...C O SOAP,
...FANCY SOAP,
...HERRING,
...MUSTARD,
...& I. SUGAR.
...RICHARDSON Auct...

Insurance.

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...OF SAN FRANCISCO.
...AND MARINE INSURANCE
...rt.... $1,000,000
...IRECTORS.
...Vice P...
...Secretary.
...Surveyor.
...Gen'l Agent.
...Office—Ash...
...P. W...C. H. L...
...D. ...ity, Lloyd B...
...H. M...
...HAMILTON BOYD,
...nt for Oregon and W...
SADDLERY.

...ECEIVED AND FOR SALE
BY
...H. CONGLE,
...O. 78 FRONT ST., PORTLAND,
...MENUFACTURER OF HILL'S CONCORD
...and Double
Team and Stage Harness
...the County Jail at Concord, New Hamp...
...at all call.
...OE & MORGAN,
...W...and Front sts.
...Manufacturers of
...HARNESS
...Constantly
...ORSE FURNISHING GOODS.
...Agents for the
...WING MACHINE
$50
Will Buy It
At Van...
General A...
128 FIRST ST., PORTLAND
Needles for all ... machines

River Paper Company's
PATENT
...LF ROOFING!
...PUT ON FOR $3 PER SQUARE,
...Pitch and Gravel Roofing
...PAINTING and CARPENTER...
H. C...
...ALIAS AND ...ANNINGS!
Only ... in the State.
...NIC BOOKS AND BLANKS!
...GOLD AND SILVER ...
...s, Fringes, Spangles, Stars, ...
Bullion, etc.
H. C. ...
Masonic Temple, ...
...O'CLEST AND THE BEST
...OR. HUFELAND'S
CELEBRATED
...S STOMACH BITTERS
...IRE and Most Healthful ...
...Introduced to the United ...
The ... Bitters have been in the San Fran...
cisco for OVER TWENTY YEARS, and ...
...ing the ... for public favor, the only ... ...
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AGENTS, 409 and 411 Clay St., San Fran...
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...ENTS WANTED
...ST-CLASS BUSINESS FOR A ...
...with the assurance of making from ...
$2,000 to $3,000 a Year.
...ured in connection with an agency for the ...
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...WARD BEECHER
...WILLIAM CULLEN BRYANT,
HARRIET BEECHER STOWE, ...
...r particulars to
J. B. FORD & CO., Publishers, ...
San Fra...
GEO. W. VOLLUM
Book & Job Printer,
BOOK BINDER
AND
PAPER RULER,
No 5 Washington street, ...
From ...
BLANK BOOKS made to ...
...be found in any style of ...
...mostly reduced rates.
...Orders from the Country ...
...be promptly attended to.
...STAR LINE!
...ELS DISPATCHED ON DAY ADVERTISED
...Brig KOLOA
Will follow the
...ARET CROCKARD,
...And have ... dispatch.
C. P. MORRISON & CO., ... San Francisco
...Agents for ... Portland
J. M. CRAKEN & CO.

The Daily Oregonian.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, JUNE 18, 1873.

CITY.

CONTRACT AWARDED.—The contract for the construction of a new boat for the Willamette River Transportation Company, was awarded yesterday. Mr. Steffen is the contractor. The new boat is to be 225 feet long 25 feet beam and 5 feet hold. The boiler, engines and machinery which were used on the steamer *Enterprise* that was burned some months ago off the mouth of the river, will be overhauled and used in the new boat. This machinery, notwithstanding the length it has been in use, is still almost as good as new. The contract calls for the completion of the new boat within 30 days.

AN INCIDENT.—Last Monday, while the contest was raging on at the polls in the Second Ward, there was sent up to a third and the three engaged in close consultation for a few minutes, and then more money was passed between them in exchange, they dropped a $2 50 gold piece. A bystander observed it, and picking it up, offered to return it, but the gentlemen, all disclaimed ownership, saying they "hadn't any money." How modest, and why not?

GATE TROUBLE.—A bellicose individual was fined last evening near the corner of Washington and First streets for disorderly conduct. He made considerable resistance to the officer who, finding himself unequal to the task, was compelled to call for assistance. Several other policemen responded to the signal and arrived hastily at the scene of action and lent assistance. After a short and lively skirmish, the bellicose individual was overpowered and compelled to go to jail.

BACK.—A short time prior to the steamer *Thompson* leaving Astoria yesterday morning, the steamer *Oriflamme* started out to sea. The *Willamette*, however, was so rough and the atmosphere so hazy, that the attempt was abandoned, and the steamer returned to the wharf just as the *Oriflamme* started up the river. Ere this it is probable that the *Oriflamme* has succeeded in getting over the bar.

MEETINGS.—The Committee on Orator and Reader for the Celebration of Independence, have extended an invitation to His Excellency, Gov. Grover, to deliver the oration in this city at the coming Fourth. Yesterday a letter was received from him saying his acceptance. The committee have not selected the Reader yet for that occasion.

FOR SALE.—The box office at the Opera House will be open on Thursday and Saturday from 1 to 4 o'clock, when reserved seats will be sold at 25 cents each. Tickets can be had at the stores of J. K. Gill & Co., M. Olds, S. A. Lord & Co., S. J. McCormick, C. C. Ainsworth and W. K. Badger.

ARRIVAL.—The bark *Free Trade* was met off the mouth of the Columbia by the tug Active, and towed up to Portland. This bark has on board 1,200 kegs of bolts, intended for the Australian market. The vessel was to have sailed on Tuesday, provided the state of the wind allowed.

PASSENGERS.—The four persons who were found on Monday under suspicion of being stowaways in the ship lying at the Portland Saw Mill, are still in jail. Yesterday they were given a hearing, but by consent of the attorneys it was continued this morning.

CARELESSNESS.—In connection with the official visit of the city was charged Tuesday afternoon against Mr. W. S. Caldwell, Auditor and Clerk, W. H. Morris, Clerk, and H. W. Davis, a Justice of the Peace, who opened the polls before as required by law.

OUR INCREASE.—A new boy was observed yesterday hanging around the levee, inland in, just as the *Bonita* was leaving her wharf. At the time it could not be determined whether the boy was the property of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company of San Francisco, or the Oregon Steam Navigation Company, from Idaho.

DISORDERLY CONDUCT.—Two Indian women were arrested on Monday for attempting to cast illusions on each other, and appeared in the police court yesterday morning before Recorder Caplinger. In each case the defendant was fined $5 and the charge before the grand jury.

REHEARSAL.—A grand rehearsal will be held this evening at the new Trinity church for the benefit of the series which are soon to be given for the benefit of the church. The grand vocal concerts will be given in about two weeks.

ARRIVAL.—The ship *Pactolus* is still lying at the wharf at Astoria. She has completed her cargo of lumber and flour for Hongkong and now only awaits a favorable opportunity of crossing the bar.

MEETING.—A meeting was held by the creditors of the *Herald* Printing Company on Monday, at which Mr. Joseph Bachman was elected assignee.

WAR.—This article is arriving in large quantities from up the Columbia. Last evening the steamer boat brought down 150 rolls of this year's crop.

GOOS BAY ITEMS.

Our regular correspondent, writing from Empire City under date of June 10th, says:

The citizens of this place held a meeting last evening to consider the propriety of celebrating the coming Fourth of July. A committee was appointed by the Mayor Bushey has appointed T. W. Crook, Nicholson and M. Riley deputies. The fortnightly steamer Port Orford, the second from Umpqua and the latter from Ellensburg.

Berries are in season, and the lovers of the article are in the best of humor.

Among the passengers by the *Eastport* on her last trip to San Francisco were Joe Ben Lane, of Coos Bay, and Dr. Kinney, of Salem [illegible] has gone to Salem with Ebenezer [illegible] is destined to stay in Bill Watkinds' [illegible] 12 months hence. "Nesser" took to [illegible] people's noses, and that's why he [illegible]

[illegible] has gained much favor for the [illegible] he dispatched business while at the late term of the Circuit [illegible]

Coal shipped last week 1,900 tons, lumber 250 [illegible]

The week ending June 9th were schooners [illegible] *Polar, Gotama, Fannie A. Hyde, Pacific,* [illegible] and barkentine *Emma Augusta*. [illegible] Steamer *Eastport*, schooners *Elnorah,* [illegible] *Concordia, Arago, Laura May* and [illegible] *Templar.*

COURT PROCEEDINGS.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT—DEADY, J.

TUESDAY, June 17, 1873.

[illegible] O. Severance and Wm. L. Raymond, [illegible] set aside and vacate order of adjudication [illegible] petition, order allowed.

[illegible] to Tuesday next

CIRCUIT COURT—UPTON, J.

[illegible] W. Shaver, administrator of the estate of [illegible] Irving, deceased, vs F. L. Tileston et al. [illegible] for plaintiff for $1,131 75, interest [illegible]

[illegible] of British Columbia vs Eugene Semple, [illegible] for plaintiff for $3,742 coin, interest and [illegible]

[illegible] Portland, Dalles and Salt Lake R. R Co. vs [illegible] Steam Navigation Company, cause on [illegible]

PERSONAL.

Jos. Bechtel, Esq., has been elected a life member of the National Photographic Association of the United States.

Mr. J. J. Kinney, formerly at the East Side [illegible] as operator, but now at the Salem depot, [illegible] temporarily at the office in this city for Mr. C. D. Fading, at present absent on the road.

Mr. Guild, the courteous and social manager of the telegraph office in this city, is again able to attend to his duties for business, after a long and painful illness of several weeks duration. During Mr. Guild's sickness, his place was filled by Dr O. P. [illegible]

If you want the woven wire bed, parlor and office chairs, the best spring and pure hair mattress, go to Hurgren & Shindler.

ESTHER, THE BEAUTIFUL QUEEN.

For several weeks past, this beautiful Cantata has been in rehearsal under the leadership of Prof. J. B McGibeny. Last evening we witnessed the first rendition by amateur vocalists of this city, accompanied by an orchestra of amateur and professional instrumentalists. A goodly audience was in attendance, although the inclement weather must have kept away many who would have wished to be present. And then it was well known that the concert would be twice repeated. Notwithstanding this, there was a paying auditory. In this instance we almost fear to attempt a lengthened critique of the performance. We feel like taking refuge behind the reporter's trite commonplace—"where all did so well," etc. But the leading characters in the Cantata were sustained throughout with most excellent effects. Mrs McGibeny in the title-role excelled all her former efforts. In the pathetic protest to the adjuration of Mordecai, "Go thou unto the King," and again in her passionate denunciation of Haman, she developed dramatic powers of no inferior degree. Mrs McGibeny is favorably known to Portland audiences, but she gained a higher position last night. "Mordecai" is a grand character,—the splendid embodiment of that massive integrity and simple faith which formed the characteristic of the unsymmetrical Jewish character. It was faithfully impersonated by Mr W. Carey Johnson. This gentleman has a very clear tenor of good compass and moderate strength. In the devotional passage, "To thee, O Lord," as well as in the plaintive lament, "Woe is me" he sang with superb effect. Mr. M. O Lownsdale as "Haman" won golden opinions. The "Song of Joy," the *largo* movement, "Behold this Mordecai," and the recitative, "There is a certain people," were executed with fidelity and taste. And then, as the courtier baffled and beaten and, at the last, despised of his monarch, he gained merited distinction. "Abasuerus" (Mr. S. J McCormick) was quite successful. "Zerish," (Miss Ball,) displayed very good taste in the solo "Haste to the Banquet hall," and acquitted herself throughout to the satisfaction of her many admirers. "First Maid of Honor" to the Queen, (Mrs. M. O Lownsdale,) is possessed of the sweetest voice among all the soloists. The delicate little *morceau*, "Therefore will we never fear," won a gentle murmur of applause which, in an audience like that of last evening, is far more expressive than the noisy utterances of an. And again, in "Do I Wake," the deep pathos of her voice was most admirably shown. This lady shows careful vocal training and flexibility of voice, but above all a charming taste, which is saying very much. "Mordecai's Sister," (Mrs. Denlinger,) in "When the blast of the Terrible One," "Hugai," (Mr Gordon) in "For He bringeth down," and the "High Priest" (Mr. A. H. Morgan) in "Thou Wilt Keep him," "Prophet" (Mr. Morse) in "Lo, O'er the wicked," Miss Meiggs, in "Why should this Hebrew"—all did well. The chorus was effective, and the execution throughout reflected great credit on their Conductor, Prof. McGibeny.

We cannot omit special mention of the superb orchestra, which rendered good service throughout. The parts, instrumental and vocal, were well balanced, the costumes were for the most appropriate, and in several instances handsome, and the whole performance passed without a single occurrence to mar its general success, if we except an inconsiderable *faux pas* at the first which created a little merriment. There was a little confusion in the *allegro* passages, but this was incidental, of course, to the first performance.

We have arrived at that which is inexplicable—for who can describe the magician's art? Well, the well known Bosco performed a miracle of the Assyrian court, and it was done with his usual dexterity. We can, with confidence, recommend the Cantata to the public.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

A. B. Richardson will dispose at auction this morning of some very choice and desirable real estate. This property is situated at the corner of Sixth and Washington streets, and is among the most valuable property of the city.

Charley Dexter, whose pleasant face is so well known, and whose many genial and social qualities are so generally recognized, took the steamer yesterday morning for Astoria. He will proceed to the Sea Side House at Clatsop and complete all necessary arrangements to open that favorite and popular place of resort. The Sea Side House has been furnished throughout on the most commodious scale, and offers superior facilities for comfort and pleasure. Mr. Dexter proposes to have everything in readiness for the reception of guests by the 20th inst. Those who visit the "sounding sea" during the summer and fall months, should not fail to give Charley a call. He knows how to keep a hotel, and will spare no pains to render all surroundings pleasant and agreeable.

We refer our readers to the advertisement in another column of the Marsh Trust Co., of San Francisco, an institution that has gained considerable reputation by their many remarkable cures of RUPTURE. This Co. is a branch of the celebrated House of Marsh & Co., New York, which has a reputation of nearly forty years and are endorsed by the Medical Faculty wherever they have established branches. We commend this Company to our Ruptured friends, feeling assured they will receive the only legitimate cure for Hernia (Rupture). This Company does not use any worthless washes called "*curative compounds*" that has never cured Rupture, and are calculated to deceive. Their office is at 513 Montgomery street, San Francisco.

BASE BALL.

The Athletics beat the Amateurs last Saturday, the reverse of the announcement in last Monday's issue.

At Waverly, N. J, 4th inst, Boston, 13, Resolute, 5. 5th, at Philadelphia, Boston, 8, Philadelphia, 22; at Union Grounds, N. Y, Resolute (of New Jersey), 12, Atlantics, 9. At Baltimore, 6th, Baltimore, 21, Boston 17.

The game between the Pioneers and Pacifics, to take place next Saturday, is all the talk among base ballists.

FESTIVALS

The ladies of the First Unitarian Church of the city will give a strawberry festival and apron fair at the chapel, corner of Seventh and Yamhill streets, this evening.

The telegraphic report of the death of the notorious Vic. Woodhull, proves to be false. A New York special of the 6th inst., says. "Victoria C. Woodhull fell to the floor at her residence, No. 6 East Thirty-fourth street, about nine o'clock this evening. Blood flowed copiously from her nose and mouth, and when raised by her friends she was found to be unconscious. She was borne to her bed and two physicians hastily summoned. On their arrival they carefully examined her pulse and heart, but were unable to find any traces of life. Her friends could not give up hope, however, and urged the physicians to use their utmost endeavors to restore her. Their efforts were partially successful and they brought back feeble symptoms of animation. It is not expected that Mrs. Woodhull can live through the night. The causes of this sudden prostration are her troubles in connection with her recent law suits. Her imprisonment, the excessive bail demanded, and the belief that she had no show in the courts, all have combined to bring on this fatal attack."

Eugene didn't do the crazy thing with which she was debited a few weeks ago. She did not appeal to France to recognize the little Louis. Vietri, who was formerly private secretary to Napoleon, publishes a letter denying the report, and declaring that the Empress will not commit herself to a policy so fraught with danger to herself and family.

If you want pure, fine liquors of any kind, go to E D Tyne's, northwest corner of Oak and First streets, or for the sale of Jessie Moore & Co.'s fine old Rye and Rye Whiskies of Louisville Ky.

"I say, Tom, that is a nobby suit you have on. I declare I've been trying to get something that will fit me to a dot, and that I can depend on to wear well. Where did you buy them?" "I was passing along First street, last week and as I turned the corner of Washington street I noticed some fine cloths and furnishing goods. The attraction was so great that I stepped inside, and after selecting the materials I ordered what you have termed an elegant fitting suit. The place is Robert Roberts."

Johnson's Anodyne Liniment may be used to advantage where any Liniment is desirable. In cases of severe cramps and pains in the stomach it is undoubtedly the best article that can be used internally.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

No fire alarms lately.

Hen fruit is declining.

New Council next week.

Dust has prevailed to much.

Moist weather for June 18th.

Not so much handshaking now.

Everything quiet in the city again.

A corner in the egg market yesterday.

Festival last night at the Skating Rink.

Order your delicacies to-day at Quinn's.

Coffee, the best, depend on it, at Fabre's.

The rain descends and the farmers are gay.

The bark *Garibaldi* and *Wapato* are both due here.

A success—the position at the foot of Stark street.

Happy man—the one who runs the sprinkling cart.

The weather yesterday wasn't good for confectioners.

The steamer *Success* is still lying at the foot of Ash street.

No circus coming this way this summer—so far as heard from.

An overcrowded docket yesterday morning at the Police Court.

The prettiest girl in Portland is ask Harvey at the Postoffice.

The usual weekly consultation among the city Dads this evening.

The steamer *Daisy Ann* will make her trial trip in a few days.

Capt Saunders' new brick building will soon be ready for the plasterers.

Bovines still commit their nocturnal depredations, much to the discomfiture of sleepers.

The new organ in Trinity Church delights the neighborhood with its rich and powerful tone.

Opposition again between Portland and Vancouver—the steamers *Carrie* and *Oneatta* this time.

The demand for ice cream and strawberries is not so active as a few days ago, owing to the prevailing moisture.

Yesterday (17th) was the two hundredth anniversary of the discovery of the Mississippi by Marquette and Joliet.

Thirteen drunks, two disorderlies, three fighters, one resisting an officer and three illegal voters were disposed of yesterday in the Police Court.

The "piece" policy is thought to have been the only one which could have effected the election of the Councilmen chosen from the Third Ward last Monday.

The new organ for Trinity Church is all put together, tuned and ready for the skillful fingers of the organist. It is a superb instrument—by far the finest in the State.

At a meeting held last evening by the members of Willamette No. 1 and Multnomah No. 2, it was decided not to turn out and parade on the coming Fourth of July.

Brought to light—When the curtain dropped at the Theater last evening, the audience was electrified to see painted thereon the mystic words, "A Live Paper, the Oregon *Herald*."

No more ringing of fire bells for drills and meetings. Nothing but the real unopposed presence of the "fiend" can evoke the discordant clangor of the bells. So the Board of Foremen have decided.

There is a gentleman and a church member living on Fifth street, who never "ouesses," but says that when he is reminded of the smell on Stark street, he can feel the "c—s" oozing out between the pores.

Young Donovan, son of Mr. John Donovan of this city, who received an appointment to the Naval Academy at Annapolis through Hon. J. G. Wilson, has passed the examination and will at once enter.

THE ALTITUDE IN WHICH MEN CAN LIVE.—There has been a great deal of discussion as to the altitude at which human beings can exist, and Mr. Glaisher himself can tell us as much about it as anybody. In July, 1862, he and Mr. Coxwell ascended in a balloon to the enormous elevation of 37,000 feet. "Previous to the start, Mr. Glaisher's pulse stood at seventy-six beats a minute, Coxwell's at seventy-four. At 17,000 feet, the pulse of the former was at eighty-four; that of the latter, at one hundred. At 19,000 feet, Glaisher's hands and lips were quite blue, but not his face. At 21,000 feet, he heard his heart beating, and his breathing became oppressed; at 29,000 feet, he became senseless," notwithstanding which the aeronaut, in the interest of science, went up another 8,000 feet, till he could no longer use his hands, and had to pull the strings of the valve with his teeth. Ercstats, who have to make no exertions, have, of course, a great advantage over members of the Alpine Club, and those who trust their legs, even at 13,000 feet these climbers feel very uncomfortable, more so in the Alps, it seems, than elsewhere. At the monastery of St. Bernard, 8,117 feet high, the monks become asthmatic, and are compelled frequently to descend into the valley of the Rhone for—anything but "a breath of fresh air," and at the end of ten years' service, are obliged to give up their high living and come down to the usual level. At the same time, in South America, there are towns (such as Potosi) placed as high as the top of Mont Blanc, the inhabitants of which feel no inconvenience. The highest inhabited spot in the world is, however, the Buddhist cloister of Hanle, in Thibet, where twenty-one priests live at an altitude of 16,500 feet. The brothers Schlagintweit, when they explored the glaciers of the Ibi-Gamin in the same country, encamped at 21,000 feet, the highest altitude at which a European ever passed the night. Even at the top of Mont Blanc, Professor Tyndall's guides found it very unpleasant to do this, though the Professor himself did not confess to feeling so bad as they. The highest mountain in the world is Mount Everest (Himalaya), 29,003 feet, and the condor has been seen "winging the blue air" 500 feet higher. The air, by the by, is not "blue," or else, as De Saussure pointed out, "the distant mountains, which are covered with snow, would appear blue also," its apparent color being due to the reflection of light. What light can do, and does, is marvelous, and not the least is its power of attraction to humanity.—*Chambers' Journal.*

DESTRUCTION OF THE TERRAPIN TOWER.—The Niagara Falls *Gazette* thus notices the destruction of "Terrapin Tower," long one of the most conspicuous objects around the Falls:

"During the past fifty years millions of people, from every inhabitable part of the globe, have seen the round, weather beaten tower, built upon the narrow ledge of rocks upon the extreme brink of the Horseshoe Fall, and have enjoyed from its summit the magnificent view which it afforded of the tumultuous rapids above and the mighty rush of waters below. They will learn with sincere regret that the venerable mass of masonry has been destroyed. The tower was built in 1823, by Judge Porter, was 45 feet in height and 12 feet in diameter at its base. The masonry was massive, and its hardness and durability many have thought to have been abundantly demonstrated. But, standing in such an extremely exposed position subject at all times to the action of the spray and the fierce beating winds, and in the winter months ice bound and frost-bitten, the stones and wood have been gradually yielding to the elements, and the structure was pronounced unsafe last Fall, and has been closed to the public ever since. Last week preparations were made to remove the concern, in order to make room for a new iron tower. Large fissures were found to have opened in the masonry, and the mass of the center of the pile was found to be only a shell, the core having almost disappeared from dry rot. The first attempt to blow up the tower was made Saturday noon but proved ineffective—the twenty-five pounds of powder placed in the base of the structure only succeeding to demolish a portion of the south western side. The things were set off privately and the work of demolition completed on Monday."

Farmers and Horse Men should not forget that we have on hand the best Liniment for Horses and Cattle ever offered to the public. Sold by all druggists. Depot 24 Park Place, New York.

A REMINISCENCE OF CANBY.

A correspondent of the Louisville *Courier-Journal* writes:

We had the pleasure of meeting Gen. Sheridan on the train, and, as the General is one of the most agreeable of talkers, the ride to Chillicothe, where we stopped to visit friends, seemed all too short. The General was returning to Washington from the funeral of Gen. Canby, and could tell me much about that noble woman, Mrs. Canby, and how bravely she is bearing up under her great affliction. General Sherman remained one day longer in Indianapolis that he might pay his respects to the widow. She could not see him the first day, but when she did accord the interview she was composed, but her friends fear that the shot that killed her husband is doing its murderous work upon her. Mrs. Canby is in destitute circumstances, for she and her husband found so many objects of charity that their income went in this way. They were plain and simple in their wants. A noble charity of theirs came under my observation in the summer of 1868, soon after I reached Washington.

A young lady who had left her home in the State of New York to become a clerk in the office of Internal Revenue was taken ill with typhoid fever. She was boarding in the same house with General and Mrs. Canby. Sickness in a boarding-house is always forlorn, and this young lady had small means (fifty dollars a month was then the pay) and no friends upon whom she had any claim. Mrs. Canby constituted herself nurse, and for weeks was at her bedside night and day. At that time Gen. Canby was in command of this Department, and, as he expected to remain, he took a furnished house and went to housekeeping, and they had the young lady removed to their house. In about a week there were riots in New York, and General Canby was ordered there. In a day his wife was ready to accompany him, but they hired a competent nurse, and would not allow the house to be re-rented until the young lady was well and able to travel back to her home. The young lady, who was the daughter of an Episcopal clergyman, soon after married, and I have no doubt that her husband feels that he is indebted to Mrs Canby for his wife.

Mrs. Canby will reside with her brother, Major Hawkins, in Detroit, where he is stationed at present.

PRINCE BISMARCK ON ULTRAMONTANISM.—In the sitting of the German Parliament on May 17, the debate on the retrospect of the year's administration in Alsace-Lorraine, as presented by the Federal Council, was continued. Herr Windthorst and other Ultramontane members condemned the Chancellor of the Empire for expelling the brothers and sisters of religious orders engaged in the schools, as well as other persons belonging to Alsace-Lorraine. Prince Bismarck replied that it was absolutely necessary to remove elements directly injurious to the community, especially such as existed among the brothers and sisters above alluded to. There were, however, upward of 200 school sisters and about 100 school brothers still engaged in the instruction of the young, and to whom no objection had been raised. It was incorrect to say that England and Russia sympathized with the Ultramontanes. According to authentic information, even England recognized that Ultramontane efforts to unsettle matters rendered constitutional government in Ireland impossible. As regards the sentiments of the Russian Government toward the Ultramontanes, Prince Bismarck believed himself to be better informed than members of that House who were opponents of the Government of the Czar. The whole of civilized Europe agreed with the views entertained by him (Prince Bismarck) respecting the hostility to the Government which characterized the conduct of the Ultramontane party. He confidently left everything to the judgment of history. The House declared itself satisfied with the administrative review laid before it.

The public mind has been somewhat agitated with the Modoc war, an occasional marine or railway disaster, and the dull times, and the prospect of buying clothing at a figure not large enough to clean a man to the bedrock. The place has been found where you can buy men and boys' clothing, or gentlemen's furnishing goods, at the very lowest prices. It is at Beck & Waldman's, corner of Front and Washington street, where a full assortment of men and boys' clothing in the latest styles, can be selected from.

"A friend in need is a friend indeed," and such a friend is *Helvebold's Buchu* to the unfortunate sufferer who has been sowing his wild oats. Warranted to cure all diseases of the kidneys and urinary organs. Look out for counterfeits. Genuine has private proprietary stamp of H. T. Helmbold on each bottle. Directions accompany. Sold by all druggists. John F. Henry, New York, Sole Agent.

If Johnson's *Anodyne Liniment* is half as valuable as people say it is, no family should be without it. Certainly no person be he lawyer, doctor, minister, or of any other profession should start on a journey without it. No sailor, fisherman or woodsman should be without it. In fact it is needed wherever there is an ache, or sprain or cut or bruise or cough or cold.

Habitual constipation leads to the following results: Inflammation of the kidneys, sick and nervous headache, biliousness, dyspepsia, indigestion, piles, loss of appetite and strength, all of which may be avoided by being regular in your habits and taking, now and then, *Parson's Purgative Pills* nightly for four or six weeks.

Sufferers from coughs, colds, bronchitis, influenza, croup or whooping cough, will find relief in *Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry*, which has now been in use nearly half a century, and still maintains its long established reputation as the great remedy for all diseases of the throat, lungs and chest.

Blushing in their nearly dozen
From the glad sun certainlie
See these teeth untarnished
White as the lily and pearl
Yes, by the fragrant SOZODONT
May beauty's month be garnished
Passing away! passing away!

NEW REGAR EMPORIUM,
MASONIC TEMPLE . . . THIRD STREET,
Next door to the Post Office.
SEGARS, TOBACCO, SNUFF, STATIONERY,
POSTAGE STAMPS, ENVELOPES, etc.
jel0 DAN'L B. FOSTER

IF YOUR WATCH IS OUT OF ORDER,
Send it to
WORKA,
No 74 First street,
(NEXT TO LADD & TILTON'S BANK,)
A Jeweler repaired promptly and satisfactorily, at moderate prices.

Harmony Lodge, No 18, A. F. & A. M.—Regular Communications on the Second and Fourth Monday evenings of each month. By order of the W. M.

Hassalo Lodge No. 18, I. O. O. F.—Meets every Friday evening at 8 o'clock in Odd Fellows Temple, corner First and Alder Streets. Members of the order are invited to attend. By order of N. G.

Samaritan Lodge No. 5, I. O. O. F.—Meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock, in Odd Fellows Temple, corner First and Alder Streets. Members of the order are invited to attend. By order of N. G.

STEAM, SULPHUR, VAPOR & BATH

For the cure of COUGHS, COLDS, RHEUMATISM and MERCURIAL AFFECTIONS. The attention of sufferers from Colds is directed to these Baths, as one or two will remove the severest Cold. Also,

Warm, Cold and Shower Baths;
Steam or Vapor Baths, $1 00. Warm baths, 50 cents.
LUDWIG WILHELM, Proprietor,
Wiegand's Old Stand,
Washington street, near Front.

ARE YOU LAME?

With Rheumatism, Joint Stiff Joints, Sprains, Bruises, Partial Paralysis or Lame Back? Are you afflicted with Neuralgia, Nervous Headache, Toothache, Sore Throat, Colic, Cramps, Pleurisy, Pain in the Breast or Sides or any internal or external aches or pains. If so use the never-failing family remedy, PRATT'S ANODYNE OIL. Price, small, fifty cents; large, one dollar. For sale by all druggists.

PURIFY YOUR BLOOD!

Cure Scrofulous Eruptions, Skin Diseases, heal old Sores, regulate your Bowels, invigorate your Liver, cure Fever and Ague, Constipation, Piles and Dyspepsia, with the Great Vegetable Blood Purifier and Liver Regulator, PRATT'S NEW LIFE PILLS. Price, dollar. For sale by all druggists.

A. McBOYLE & CO., Druggists and Chemists,
m2335p6m San Francisco, Sole Proprietors.

Wants.

Wanted,
$2,500 TO $3 000 FOR ONE YEAR, on good real estate security.
jeod&w Address "D." Postoffice Box 307.

Ten Thousand Dollars
WANTED.

I WILL PAY 1 PER CENT. PER MONTH, QUARTERLY, IN COIN, for TEN THOUSAND DOLLARS COIN, for two or three years, with the best of Real Estate Security.
Any person having money to let please address
jeod6t J. L. PARRISH, Salem, Oregon.

To Let.

For Rent,
GOOD ROOMS AND OFFICES IN DEKUM'S BRICK building. Inquire of DEKUM & BICKEL,
No 58 First street, between Stark and Oak.

Board and Lodging.

FOR A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE, OR two Single Gentlemen can be obtained in a Private family. The rooms are in the Second Story. One room 13x17, and one 10x12. Location, one of the pleasantest in the city, on East Park, south of Main Street. Rooms let without board if desired. Address,
F. P. O. Box 241.
Portland May 22 1873. m22d1f

For Rent,
A BRICK STORE ROOM 25x100 FEET, also OFFICES in Second Story of Brick Building. Apply at THIS OFFICE.

Furnished Rooms
To Rent.
S E COR WASHINGTON AND FIFTH STS.
CLEANEST IN TOWN.

For Sale.

Mill Property for Sale.
THE STEAM SAW-MILL ON THE MACADAMized Road, one mile south of Portland, with THREE ACRES OF LAND fronting on the Willamette River, will be sold at a very low figure and upon easy terms. Inquire of
E. J. NORTHRUP,
jeod1m of Northrup & Thompson.

Hotel for Sale.
THE FURNITURE, FIXTURES AND GOOD-WILL of a Hotel, located in this city, for sale low for CASH, or will exchange the same for city property. Inquire of PARRISH, WATKINS & CORNELL.

A Tract of Timber
FOR SALE.
CONSISTING OF 325 ACRES, 40 ACRES IMPROVED, most in Meadow Land, also in Orchard, containing varieties of Fruit, the upland and swale, the latter easily cleared; one hundred acres more of timber. Also, a
Dwelling House, Well and Outbuildings.
The place is near Beaverton, easy of access from the city. Apply to
J. C. KINGSLEY,
m16tf 135 First street.

For Sale or Rent.
IMMIGRANTS AND OTHERS IN WANT OF CHEAP Lands should call on me before buying. I can accommodate them with large or small tracts, improved or otherwise, in this and adjoining counties. Two of my
Two NEAT COTTAGES, conveniently located to business, and several SMALL FARMS, for rent.
Office, 143 Front street. P. A. MARQUAM.

ESTHER!

GOLD & SILVER LACE SPANGLES,
Trimmings, etc.
For sale by H. E MORRICK Masonic Temple.

HAGAN'S

Magnolia Balm
A FEW APPLICATIONS MAKE A
Pure Blooming Complexion.
It is Purely Vegetable, and its operation is soon and felt at once. It does away with the Flushed Appearance caused by Heat, Fatigue, and Excitement. Heals and removes all Blotches and Pimples, dispelling dark and unsightly spots. Drives away Tan, Freckles and Sunburn, and by its gentle but powerful influence mantles the faded cheek with
YOUTHFUL BLOOM AND BEAUTY.
Sold by all Druggists and Fancy Stores. Depot, 48 Park Place, New York.

Has been found by the American public, after a fair trial, to be the most effectual remedy for Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Contraction, and Injuries of every description. Prepared expressly for all external Wounds, Cuts, Burns, Swellings, Sprains, Bruises, Soreness, &c., for Man and Beast. No family should be a single day without this Liniment. The money refunded unless the Liniment is as represented. For sale and recommended by all druggists. MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT. Sold by all Druggists and Country Stores, at 25c, 50c. and $1 00 per Bottle. Notice style, size of bottle &c.

COLEMANS Dr. J. S. Coleman's Compound Extract of Eucalyptus is a preparation combining EUCALYPTUS all the valuable medicinal qualities of the Eucalyptus, which is cultivated in nearly every Gardens for its medicinal virtues, having become the household remedy for all diseases of the KIDNEYS, BLADDER and URINARY CANAL, and SEMINAL WEAKNESS. It seems to have a direct affinity for the GENITO-URINARY ORGANS and their surroundings and cures them by its alterative, healing and balsamic properties more effectually than any other known remedy.

It is an invaluable remedy for all diseases of the mucous and serous membrane, such as BRONCHITIS, HACKING COUGH, NAUSEA DURING PREGNANCY, DYSPEPSIA, LEUCORRHŒA, etc.

This preparation is the result of Dr. Coleman's experiments with the medicinal properties of the tree in the U. S. Marine Hospital in San Francisco, in 1871 and 1872, where he has unusual facilities for testing the various method of preparing the remedy, and its uses. It can be relied upon as certain to give the promised result, and hundred of testimonials of its efficacy can be seen at his office, 406 Kearney street, San Francisco.

COLEMAN'S DOUBLE EXTRACT OF EUCALYPTUS is a perfect, yet harmless febrifuge, and its a special preparation for the treatment of the malarious fevers of our interior valleys, and is warranted to cure any case of FEVER AND AGUE treated with according to directions, while the baneful results of the usual Quinine and Arsenical remedies for those diseases are entirely avoided.

FOR PHYSICIANS.—Coleman's Fluid Extract of Eucalyptus in 10lb bottles.

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THE "LIGHT RUNNING"
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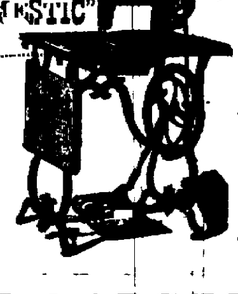

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SPORTSMEN'S EM

The Reapers of Landisfarne.

A SAXON LEGEND.

In his lonely cell St. Cuthbert
Had a fitful and sore dismayed,
For the Archbishop's precepts
For whom he had wrought and prayed,
Unwilling in strife warlike pastimes,
Their plunder and bloody raid)

Had started all peaceful effort,
And provided with spoils for a
Betrayed the wild hearts of Britain,
By swearing the fierce Danish
Can after the terrible storm?

"By the word of my mouth I have taught them
Through year and through year," he said,
And still in their untamed rudeness
They trust to the wilds for bread.
But now will I teach hence forward
By the work of my hands instead.

"In their sight I will set the lesson,
And gazing across the turn,
They shall see on its mother border
The here and the hurdled barn
And the barley that yet shall cover
The barrows of Landisfarne."

Therewith from his Melrose lodster
St. Cuthbert fared away,
He felled the wood, and the meadow
Soon bare rich swathes of hay;
And up and down in the furrow
He toiled through the large sne day.

And it came to pass when the autumn
The ground with its sere leaves strowed,
When the purple was on the moorlands
And the rust on the summer sod,
That ripe to be reapt the barley
Now whitened the hillside broad.

Then certain among the people
(Fierce folk, who had laughed to scorn
The cark of the steady toiler,
While riot and hunt and horn
Were filling them in the greenwood)
Cried, "Never Northumbrian born

Shall make of his sword a sickle
Or help to winnow the heap,
Let him who hath eared now garner
His grain as he may, or sleep
And pray the good Lord to serve'h
That his angels may come and reap."

Right sadly St. Cuthbert listened,
And, bowing the while his head
For a meek and a holy patience
(As he lay on his rush-strewn bed)
And for strength for the morrow's labor,
In face of their scorn he plead.

Then he dreamed that he saw descending
On the edge of the moonlit turn
A circle of shining reapers,
Who heaped in his moss-thatched barn
The harvest their golden sickles
Had gathered at Landisfarne.

In the gray of the cool, crisp morning,
Ere the lark had left her nest,
Abroad St. Cuthbert sat him
From his place of peaceful rest;
"For I must toil till the glitter fog
(He said) shall dusk the West."

Then he turned to look on his cornland.
Did he dream? Did he see aright?
Close cut was the field of barley
And the sheaves stood thick in sight;
For the reapers with golden sickles
Had harvested all the night!

A Lost Art.

REVIVAL OF THE ART OF LACE MAKING—A NEW YORK IMPORTER'S STORY.

It is well known among ladies who are connoisseurs in lace that the manufacture of old Point de Venise has been among the lost arts for upward of a century. Whenever one of our American princesses on her round of morning shopping seks for Point de Venise, the salesman who is well informed in laces knows at once that his customer is not. If he is sharp, shrewd, and unscrupulous, he practices a deception by showing the lady some other lace; if he is honest he tells her the truth. A representative of the *Sun*, while looking for items for a trade report a few days ago, gathered the following facts from a lace importer and head of the lace department in a wholesale dry goods house, whose cash receipts from sales amount to over $60,000,000 annually.

About five years before the fall of Paris and banishment of Napoleon III. the Empress Eugenie discovered one day, among a lot of old laces which had been transferred to her as queen consort of the Empress Josephine, and which her daughter, Queen Hortense, had religiously preserved as relics of her illustrious mother, about a quarter of a yard of a lace flounce of a most regular and beautiful mesh and peculiar design. The ex-Empress is a dilettante and connoisseur in lace as well as in many other fine arts. She saw at a glance that she possessed an art treasure, the more valuable as it was yellow with age, broken and mutilated. She sent at once for M. De Lisle, the President of the Compagnie des Lainages, manufacturers of Paris, and upon being ushered before his admiring eyes said:

"Monsieur, I wish this lace reproduced, mesh and design, in full lace dress for myself. Can your lace makers do it?"

Bowing low before the beautiful woman, the manufacturer replied:

"Your Royal Highness gives me a difficult commission, one, I fear, impossible to perform. Your remnant is real old Point de Venise, of which there are but few samples in existence, and the art of making it is lost."

"Can we not revive it?" asked the Empress. "I give you *carte blanche* in making the experiment, and another *carte blanche* for my dress when finished."

"Madame, I will see what can be done. If gods like it I will be accomplished," and bowling again he retired from the royal presence, taking with him the old piece of Point de Venise.

When an Empress commands everybody hastens to obey. So the President of the Compagnie des Indes lost no time. He first submitted the sample of Queen Hortense's relic to his own adult experienced lace makers. None knew the mesh. He placed it under powerful lenses no better success. Its intricacy baffled them all. No instrument, however fine, nor fingers the most skilled, under eyes the most practiced, could tell how it could be reproduced. Our manufacturer was perplexed, but not in despair. His next step was to remark the whole empire for the oldest lace makers living. About forty old women, sexagenarians and octogenarians, were taken to Paris. They were provided with the best of glasses and most powerful hand lenses. One after the other crowned the old flounce. Alas! not one knew the mesh. M. De Lisle was almost desperate. He had tried adult ingenuity and the experience of age, now he must resort to youth. He selected from his young girls twenty of the most intelligent workers—those with the strongest eyes and deftest fingers. To each he gave a section of the old sample. He provided them with lenses and every appliance for work. In the meantime they were secluded and given every necessary comfort, so that their eyes, their fingers and their minds might be in perfect working order. He watched the work from day to day and week to week; still no progress seemed to be made. At length he left the house one evening almost persuaded to give up the experiment. This was about one year after the imperial order had been given. The next day he was late in reaching his office; but as soon as he arrived the superintendent of the lace workers met him with the long wished for, welcome, but almost incredible intelligence that one of the young girls had discovered the old Point de Venise mesh. The President hurried to the room where the successful young worker was bending over her lace cushion. He seized a lens, examined the work in her hands, compared it with the original, and a quiet smile stole over his features.

"*Eh bien!*" he exclaimed softly, "*Il est achevé!*"

Turning to the successful discoverer he rewarded her with the place of teacher to the others and general superintendent of the work, and communicated with the Empress, who among all her engagements had kept diligent watch of the progress of affairs.

Now the work was begun in earnest. It was four years before it approached completion, but from time to time the Empress visited the manufactory, showing the greatest joy and pride that a lost art had been restored by the lace weavers of France in her reign. Before the dress was finished Paris was in ashes and Eugenie an exile. But the lace weavers escaped the general destruction and Eugenie's dress was spared. The generous and noble woman did not forget M. De Lisle nor her order. She wrote to him from England, saying that "though no longer an Empress nor enjoying the income of royalty, she would take the dress when finished, if he should be loser by keeping it."

The manufacturer not to be outdone in nobility or generosity, laid the case as stated in the Empress' letter before the directors of the company. They were touched with the misfortunes and generous nobility of the beautiful woman, and unanimously decided to release her from her engagement. This now historic dress is now to be exhibited at the Vienna Exposition as the first specimen of Point de Venise manufactured in more than a hundred years.—*N. Y. Sun.*

A correspondent writing from Calcutta of theaticals, says that one of the most popular plays there, the "Nava Natak" (or New Drama), is devoted to the exils of a man taking a second wife while his first is still alive, and, after a series of domestic calamities, it ends tragically with the death or suicide of the principal parties concerned.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Financial.

TUESDAY EVENING, June 17, 1873.

Gold in New York to-day, 11[illegible]

Portland Legal Tender rates, 95 buying; 96 selling

Gold bars are quotable at 9[illegible]

Wheat in Liverpool—Average California, 11s 10d@11s 11d; club, 12s 1d

The anticipations of a better condition of commercial affairs are not yet realized to a great extent, but the indications a little more favorable to a relaxation, though it is still claimed, and with a good show of reason, that a recurrence of the stringency will be felt during the fall season. At present the amount of loanable funds in the midst is better than a few months ago, but yet scarcely adequate to the demand. Hence rates for money are but little less than those heretofore prevailing, nor can they be expected to depreciate materially until the supply is increased, a contingency not very remote, if rumors which we hear of the establishment of another banking institution in our midst are true.

A favorable aspect of the money market at the East is presented in the fact that the "drain," which, for some time past, have been laboring to depreciate our currency, have evidently expended their force, and they will now probably find that the gold market will react upon them. This hope is strengthened by the report of the U. S. Treasurer, made on the last instant, showing that notwithstanding the large disbursements of public funds, the National debt during the month of May was reduced $3,825,582. So long as all demands made on the National Exchequer are properly met, and every month a handsome balance towards reducing the National debt placed to our credit, so long will it be difficult for the enemies of our excellent currency to depreciate it. The most depressing feature in our financial horizon is the strong tendency of so large a proportion of our commercial men to import so largely. Instead of encouraging home manufactures by investing funds in legitimate lines of goods, and keeping such prominent before the trade of the country, there is too great a tendency to put into notice foreign goods, and to gather up all the gold produced by our mines to send abroad to purchase foreign products. Thus we are depreciating the value of our currency and injuring the credit of the nation.

Grain in the Eastern States.

According to the *Journal of Commerce*, the Chicago elevators at the commencement of business on the 4th inst. contained 5,954,565 bushels of grain, embracing 373,500 bushels of Wheat, 3,891,759 bushels of Corn, 1,396,191 bushels of Oats, 220,755 bushels of Rye and 66,600 bushels of Barley. The amount of all grades in store the week before was 6,742,666 bushels, and for the corresponding week in 1872, 6,185,923 bushels. The stock of flour in that city on Monday the 2d, was 38,430 barrels, against 32,176 barrels at the same time last year.

The amount of grain in Milwaukee Monday morning, the 2d, was 365,875 bushels, 44,643 bushels of Corn, and 857,226 bushels of Oats.

During the month of May the receipts of Flour and grain at Buffalo add up 126,827 barrels of flour and 7,396,250 bushels of grain, making a total in bushels of 8,030,395.

The stock of grain in New York on Saturday evening, the 31st, was 46,007 bushels of Wheat, 239,000 bushels of Corn, 117,000 bushels of Oats, 40,000 bushels of Rye, 11,000 bushels of Barley and 167,000 bushels of Malt.

The stock of Pork in New York on the 1st of the month was 70,714 barrels, against 82,471 barrels a year ago.

The amount of grain "in sight" in the States and Canada May 26 was 18,399,076 bushels, embracing 5,272,624 bushels of Wheat, 9,368,137 bushels of Corn, 3,507,897 bushels of Oats and 250,218 bushels of Barley.

The Wheat Crop and and Tonnage.

Every attentive observer has already become satisfied that the wheat crop on this coast at the approaching harvest will be very near, if not quite, as large as last, unless some unpropitious circumstance now improbable shall intervene between this and the close of the threshing season. California's crop will doubtless be larger than was anticipated a few weeks ago.

The *Sacramento Record* of the 10th inst.—good authority—says, "The wheat crop is beyond danger," and adds: "By far the larger portion of the wheat in the State is in the last stages of ripening, is passing out of the dough state, and is past danger of blasting or shrinking by north winds or other unfavorable changes of the weather. The straw being comparatively short, there is but little danger of the grain being beaten down by storms, or thrashed out by wind. We may, therefore, feel pretty well assured that our wheat crop for this year is beyond any probable danger of serious damage or injury. The returns to the circulars sent out by the *Record* to all portions of the State are coming in fast and more favorable every day, and the probabilities are that the estimates published a week since will be proved to be rather too low than otherwise."

At San Francisco the demand for tonnage at present exceeds the supply; £4 is freely offered for grain ships to arrive for a direct port, and near by vessels now command £4 2s 6d. Engagements at these rates have been concluded there during the past few days; in fact, £4 is freely offered for September ships. The present outlook for a large business during the balance of the year is good; in fact, there is now little doubt but that we shall have as much grain for export in 1873-74 as in the harvest now drawing to a close.

Miscellaneous.

There is a great demand in Europe for the lower denomination of the United States loan bonds.

The total value of the product of gold and silver in the United States in 1872 was $63,943,857.

The managers of the Northern Pacific Railroad have resolved to limit their 7-30 per cent. gold loan to $30,000,000, of which $21,000,000 bonds have been sold.

Twenty-five ships are on the way from New York to San Francisco. Eight of them are out over one hundred days; twenty-one are on the way from Liverpool nine being out from one hundred and six to one hundred and eighty-six days.

An exchange of the 6th instant says: The Pacific Mail steamer Acapulco, built at the yard of the Harlan Hollingsworth Company, Wilmington, will be taken to New York in a few days, where she will receive her machinery.

We have lately received several inquiries concerning the culture of hops in our State and Washington Territory, and would be glad to publish an article on this subject by some one who has had experience therein.

The bark Jane A. Falkinburg was chartered in San Francisco last week to load merchandize for Honolulu on terms private.

The price of £4 6s per ton was agreed upon in San Francisco recently for the charter of the ship Undaunted to load wheat at that port for Liverpool. She is a vessel of 2,000 tons carrying capacity. About the same time, at the same place, the ship Green Jacket, of 1,300 tons, with wheat for the same port was chartered for £3 19s 6d

The bark Nuevo Boringuen was chartered last week to load lumber from Puget Sound for Montevideo at $32 per thousand.

Home Produce Market.

WHEAT—By reference to our dispatches it will be seen that prices for the old crop have declined to $1 45 per central in San Francisco—an effect of the more favorable aspect of the crop for the coming harvest and the poorly supplied demand for ships. Buyers here are still offering $1 50 and occasionally securing lots at that figure.

FLOUR—Trade is inactive and prices remain steadily at $5 per bbl. for extra of fancy brands, good country quite quiet at $4 25@4 75; fine, $4; superfine, $3 75. The call for export is light.

OATS—The market is yet in tolerably fair supply, while the demand is only moderate. Dealers are offering 50 cents per bushel, including sacks.

BARLEY—We quote best for brewing purposes at $1 80 per ctl. There is no call for export, however, at these rates. Advices indicate a larger yield in the State this year than last.

FEED—There is no change in quotations. The local demand has somewhat improved since our last review.

HAY—Market for all kinds dull at $15 per ton for timothy, baled; $13 50 loose, and wild not wanted.

POTATOES—The new crop is coming in, in limited supply and prices vary according to the demand, from 2@2½ cents per pound. Old, scarcer at 50@55 cents per bushel.

EGGS—The receipt of the last few days have fallen off and some dealers who were a little short to-day paid 18 cents per dozen, though others furnished quotations 2 cents lower.

BUTTER—The market is abundantly supplied at our former quotations of 18@22 cents ₱ lb for best.

Inferior lots, packed in sundry shapes and of all sizes, sell for less.

BACON—We find one of the most extensive buyers in the city furnishes his prices for common country cured as 7 cents for shoulders, 9 for sides and 11 for hams, but we are assured that others pay 1@2c. cents more.

HIDES—There is some inquiry at current rates, but prices are unchanged.

WOOL—We learn that some lots have been purchased in the interior at 22 cents per pound, though the few buyers in this market claim that it will require more than 20 cents

Markets.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SAN FRANCISCO, June 17.—Flour—Demand confined to local trade and of a jobbing character; quoted at $5 25@5 75 for extra.

Wheat—Sales of upwards of 3,000 sks choice at $1 70. Shippers refuse only $1 65. Sale to day of 40 tons good shipping at $1 65. 140 tons new crop at $1 [illegible]

Barley—Extremes are $1 12½@1 30. Sales of 2000 sks coast feed at $1 12½@1 20; 500 sks bright, $1 17½; seconds, $1 25. 500 sks, $1 22½@1 20; 300 sks new crop, $1 [illegible]

Oats—$1 75@1 90 for Eastern, California and Oregon.

Hay—From $10 to $15 will cover all kinds. Sale of 25 tons volunteer will fetch at $10 50.

Feed—Sale of 400 sks bran, from wharf, at $25. Rice sks feed middlings at $29 ₱ ton.

Corn—Sale of 250 sks good yellow at $1 [illegible]

Potatoes—Good shipping qualities can be had still the rate was from $1 50 to $1 75.

Rice Fruit—Apples, 7½@8½ for cooking, and $1 [illegible] for eating; pears, 6c@$1 per box; cherry plums 7½c; apricots, 4@6c; strawberries, 14@[illegible] respectively; Isabella cherries, 15@20c; grossel berries, 7@8c; [illegible] and Dates for Englesh, figs 15@20c; [illegible]

Wool—Quiet, and [illegible] [illegible] selling at [illegible]

Tallow—[illegible] was [illegible] destroyed by fire at the Seattle factory. This [illegible] make [illegible] are [illegible] essential [illegible] [illegible]

Hides—Invoices of Hawaiian are at hand by steamer to-day.

Puget Sound Shipping.

The following vessels arrived at Valparaiso, Chili, on the dates named: April 8th—Bark Gregson, from Seabeck; 9th—Coal ship Elvira Alvarez, from Port Gamble; 7th—Bark Reeder, from Victoria. May 7th—Ship Transito de Alvarez, from Port Gamble.

The bark Columbia, from Burrard Inlet, arrived at Melbourne on the 9th inst.

The bark Alden Besse was chartered in San Francisco last week, to load lumber on Puget Sound for Hongkong, for $[illegible]

Shipping Intelligence.

The ship Confidence was chartered in San Francisco last week to load wheat from Portland, Oregon, for Cork at the round figure of £4 per ton. Her measurement is 794 tons; carrying capacity about 1,100 tons. We are not advised as to the probable time of her arrival here.

The brig Kolon, recently in this port, arrived at San Francisco June 10th, having made the run from the Columbia river in three and a half days. A very quick trip.

Retail Family Market.

The following are the prices at which the principal articles of consumption are held by our Retail Dealers:

GREEN FRUITS.	
Oranges, per doz.	1 00
Limes, per doz...	50
Sandoricums, each	25
Cala Grapes, ₱ lb	none
Cranberries, ₱ gal	75c 90
Lemons, per doz.	75c 1 00
Peaches, ₱ lb	
Apples, ₱ box	none.
Plums, ₱ lb.	

DRIED FRUIT.	₱ lb.
Figs, Cal	15@20
Figs, Asia Min, new	50@60
Figs, " old	20@25
Apples	10
Plums, pitless	20@25
Prunes, Ger. & French	20@35
Pears	5@10
Bananas, ₱ doz	$1 00

GROCERIES.	₱ lb.
Coffee, ground	30@37
do green C. R.	22½@25
do " Rio	none
do " Java	30@33
do Mocha	50@60
Sugar, crushed	14@15
do pulverized	14@15
do granulated	14@15
do Yellow	14
do Island No. 1	13@14
do " No. 2	12½@13
do " extra	12½@
Milk, condensed	37
Candles, adamantine	20@25
do Paraffine	33@37
do Sperm	60
Oil, Kerosene, ₱ gal.	75
Syrup, Golden, ₱ gal.	75
Tea	₱ lb.
Gunpowder	$1 25@1 50
Imperial	1 20@1 60
Young Hyson	1 10@1 25
Hyson	1 00@1 25
Eng. Breakfast	90@1 25
Japan	65@1 00

PROVISIONS, ETC.	₱ lb.
Butter—	
Fancy Dairy	30@45
Good	20@25
Ordinary	15@18
Cooking	20
Cheese, California	20
do Eastern	25
do Oregon	20
Hams, country	15
do city	18@20
do Sugar-cured	18@20
Shoulders	10@12
Bacon, Clear Sides	12½@14
do Breakfast	16@18
Lard—	
Pure Leaf, in tins	15@17½
Good, in tins	14
In bulk	13
Honey, Yellow Comb	25
do White	37
Eggs, per doz.	16@20

BREADSTUFFS.	₱ sack.
Flour—	
Fancy brands	1 35
Choice	1 25
Common	1 at 1 25
Graham	1 50
Corn meal, Cal	4@5
do Oregon	4@5

POULTRY.	₱ pair.
Hens, grown	$1 00@1 25
Roosters, "	1 25
Spring chickens	1 00
Ducks, tame	1 50
Geese, "	2 00
Turkeys	5 00

General Merchandise.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS—Mowers: Buckeye, new model, $130; Buckeye, No. 2, $140; Buckeye, No. 1, $155; Buckeye Self-Raker, $250; Hand Raker, $225; Buckeye Dropper, $225; Clipper No. 2, 130; No. 3, 140; No. 4, 150; No. 5, 155; Sprague Mowers, Nos. 1 and 2, 122 and 135; Union 122; Dodge's Reaper, No. 1, 250; No. 2, 230; Excelsior Reaper and Mower, 230; McCormick's Self-Raker, 200; Hand-Raker 175. Harvesters: Marsh's, 240; Haines' Headers, 335 and 355. Threshers: Vibrator Thresher, 8-horse mounted power, complete, $375; 10-horse mounted power, complete, $925; Separator stakes, $650 to $825, without mounted power. Pitt's Improved Buffalo, Nos. 1 to 5, $660 to $845; Tornado, 775 to 875; Wheeler's Endless Chain, 500 to 625. Wagons: Bain, 3-inch to 4-inch thimble skein, 150 to 180; Pacific do. 145 to 175; Mitchell, with patent on square bounds and rollers, 145 to 165.

BACON—The receipts continue nearly up to the average of the season. Good country cured Hams are quotable at 14@15c per pound, Sides 11½@12c, Shoulders 8@9 cents. Fancy brands of sugar cured command an advance of 2@3 cents on the above prices, but are difficult to obtain. The demand for all kinds is naturally improving.

BAGS AND BAGGING—Quotable for standard size, 19@20c as per quality and quantity; Flour sacks, 11½@13; Burlap, per yard, 14@15c.

BOOTS AND SHOES—Portland made calf boots, $6 00; J. K. & Co. B. B. B. extra French calf pegged boots, $7@7 75; J. K. & Co. favorite heavy calf, plain or quilted, boots, $6 3; J. K. & Co Standard's, standing edge boots, $5 50; gents' B. calf Prince Albert's face stitch boots, $5 50; gent's B calf Prince Edward's face stitch boots, $5; gent's cable sewed Oxford Ties, $3 50; gent's goat foxed cove top Congress shoes, $5 50; men's Rand's adjustable lace bals, $3 50; men's buckle plow shoes, full stock, $2 75. Inferior grades at much lower quotations. Boys' Prince Albert's face stitch boots, $2 50; boys' Prince Edward's lace stitch boots, $2 25; boys' wax plow shoes, $1 50; youths' cable sewed Oxford ties, $1 25. Ladies' S. F. kid fox bals, $1 50@2 25; ladies' J. K. & Co. kid fox bals, $2 75@3 50; ladies' J. K. & Co. plain lasting bals, $2 50@3 00; ladies' Portland made calf bals, $2 25@2 75; ladies' buff seraped bals, $1 50. Miss and children's proportionately less.

BUILDING MATERIAL—Local demand dull at prices ranging, for rough lumber, $12@14, dressed, $22@30; flooring, $21@25, lath, $3 per M; shingles, $2 50@3 50 for clear heart; 17@22c per foot.

BROOMS—Common, $1@$1 50 per dozen; extra, $5 50@6.

CANNED GOODS—Oysters $3 50@4, Jams and Jellies $4 50; Los Angeles Honey, $4 50; Strawberries, $1 50; Raspberries, $1 75; Blackberries $1 00; Pine Apples, $3 50; Green Gages, $3 75@4; Peaches, $2@2 50; Pie Fruit, $2@3 50; Green Peas, $1 50; Green Beans, $2 50; Lobsters, $3 50@3 75, Clams, $1. Green Corn, $3@3 25; Tomatoes, $3 25.

CANDLES—We quote market firm at 17@22c, full weight; light weight 16c.

CEMENT—New Jersey, $6, Astoria, $4 50; Calcine Plaster, $6; Land Plaster, $2 50; Santa Cruz Lime, $2 75; San Juan Lime, $2 75

COFFEE—Market well sustained at the following jobbing prices: Costa Rica 21½@22; Guatemala, 21½@22; Rio and Manila, 21½@22; Java, 28@29c. J. F. Jones & Co's Ground Java, 26c; Quarter, 27c; Phoenix Premium, 22@23.

DRUGS—Quotable in jobbing lots for Alum, bbls, 6c; Borax, 35@37; Blue Vitrol, 12½@13c; Bertholet Grantz, 1lb can, 1c, $2 25; Rosin, ₱ bbl, $12@15; Saltpetre, kegs, 18@20c; Sulphur, $5@10.

DRY GOODS—Standard drills, 15@16 cts; seconds, 13c; Sheeting, light, 12½c; medium, 12½c, standard, 14@15½c; house lining, 9½c; bleached sheeting, 9½@10½c, do, ⅞, 13½c; do, 4-4, 12½@20c. Cotton checks, 15@20c, linen checks, 18@25c; cambrics, 16c, Cotton flannel, bleached, 16@[illegible]; do, brown, 12½@18c. Cottonades, light, 25@37½c; do, heavy, 37½@45c. Denims, 16@30c. Hickory stripes, 14½@25c, Standard prints, 11c seconds, do, 9c. Delaines, 18@20c; Linseys, 20@30c. Ticks, ⅞, 14½@30c; do, 4-4, 20@35c. Bear duck, 24c. Table linen damask, brown, 35@85c; damask bleached, 50@$1. Diaper linen, 30@37½c. Sacks, seamless, 38@40c. Aprons, black, 75c@$1 50. Corset, $1 10@1 25. Cambric, Nainsook, Longhams—Domestic, 16@20c; Scotch, 22@30c. Lawns, 15@[illegible]. Percales, 25@30

FRUITS (dried) AND PRESERVES—Apples, 5½@6c, packed, 7@7½c; Peaches, 12½@13c; Hungarian Prunes, 14c; Plums, pitless, 15@20c. Raisins, new crop, in bx, $4@5; bl do, $5 50; quarter $3; eighth boxes, $1. Zante Currants, 14c, Oregon do, 10@12c; Citron, 55@60c.

FISH—Cod, Pacific, 10c; Eastern, 11c; Mackerel, No 1, ½ bbl, $14 75, do No 2, $13 00; do kits No. 1, $5 50, do No 2, $2 75; salmon pickled, extra brands, ½ bbl, $4 50@5, bbl, $7 50@8; common brands, ½ bbls $4 00@4 50, bbls, $6 50@7 00; canned spiced, fresh, 2-lb cans, $1 50; per doz, 1-lb, $2 25 ; sardines, qrs, $3 bls, $4 50@5 ;

LIQUORS—Our market, for jobbing prices, is quotable for Bourbon whiskies $2 25@5. Rye do $2 00@4. Brandies, $1 00@2. Brandy—French brands $4@12, California brands $2@6. California wheat whisky $1 25@5 and the balance. Gins—Holland, $3 50@5; Old Tom, $2@3 50; Rum—P nch $3 50@5; Santa Cruz, $3 50@4 50. New England, $2@2 40; Jamaica, $4@6

METALS—Market for jobbing lots for Iron—Scotch and Sing'sh pig reported in San Francisco, $[illegible] refined bar $5, [illegible] Steel 14@20, Sheet Iron 12@[illegible] Copper—sheathing, ₱ lb, 42c; do Yellow, 44c; do braziered round, 50c, do old 10c. Tin plates—Plates charcoal IX per box, $19 50; do IC char, $17 50, Bo ing Plates, $17. Banca Tin slabs ₱ lb, 62½c. Block Tin—English cast steel ₱ lb 16c. Lead—Pig ₱ lb 8c 10c, Sheet 15c, Pipe 15. Bar 12½@14c. Zinc—Sheets ₱ lb 14c. Iron Pipe, 30@40. Quicksilver, 90c. Pressed ware has advanced 25@50 ₱c.

NUTS—Almonds, 20@25c, Brazil, Soft Filberts, 20c, Hickory 12½; Peanuts, 10c, Pe ans, 25c, Walnuts 12½.

NAILS—[illegible] $4 per keg; 10d $4 per keg; 8d $4 25 per keg; advance [illegible] per keg; 4d and 5d $4 50 per keg; [illegible] $5 per keg; [illegible] $5 50 per keg; advance on same size of cut nails, 50c per keg; [illegible] 50c per keg; advance on same size of common nails, 50c per keg.

OIL—Whale, per gal, [illegible] Linseed, boiled, 85c, Linseed, raw, 75c; Neatsfoot, $1 50@1 75; Castor, 1 75@2; Crude Sperm, [illegible] Crystalline Sperm, 55c; Lard, in bbls, 90c; Lard, in kegs, 95c; Coal, per gal, $1 25@1 50; Kerosene, per case, $1 25@1 50; Benzine, per case, $1 25@1 50.

ROG IN—Common, $2 50@3; Extra Pale, $3 50@4; Superior, $4 50@5; Extra Pale, $5@5 50; Famous Brands, $6@7; Amber, $7@8; Window Glass, $[illegible]

PAINTS—White Lead, Pure, [illegible] Red Lead, [illegible] Venetian Red, [illegible] Yellow Ochre, [illegible] Paris White, [illegible] Whiting, [illegible] Chrome Green, [illegible] Chrome Yellow, [illegible] Prussian Blue, [illegible] Ultramarine Blue, [illegible] Vermilion, [illegible] Lampblack, [illegible] Black Varnish, [illegible] Coach Varnish, [illegible] Japan, [illegible] Turpentine, [illegible]

PAPER—Wrapping, [illegible] Printing, [illegible] Writing, [illegible] Tarred Felt, [illegible] Straw Board, [illegible] Binders Board, [illegible] Sheathing, [illegible] Roofing, [illegible]

SALT—Liverpool Fine, $2 50@2 75; Liverpool Coarse, $2 25@2 50; Cargo, $2 25@2 50; Table, $3 50@4; Dairy, $2 50@3; Bay, $1 50@2; Rock, $1 50@2 per ton.

SALERATUS—Bart's, 8½@9c, Dunbar's, 9½@10c, Babbitt's, 10@10½c.

SOAP—Agent for R. Irving & Co's fobbing lots at 7@7½c.

STARCH—The agents' rates, with the usual discount off to the trade are for Pearl, 6@6½c; Laundry, 7½@8c; Pepper, 11@12c; silver gloss, 6@6½c; Kings, 14½c; Pearl Laundry, 7½@8c; Kings, 14½c; Pearl Laundry, 7½@8c; Kings, 14½c; Pearl Laundry, 7½@8